R-4 Gravina Access Project Scoping Summary Report, December 1999

Public and agency issues summary, and selected agency correspondence.

The full report is on file with ADOT&PF.



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Table of Contents

1.0 Introduction	
1.1 Scoping Overview	2
2.0 Scoping Methodology	2
3.0 NEPA Scoping Activities	4
3.1 Early Scoping Activities	
3.2 Agency Scoping Meeting	5
3.3 Public Scoping Meeting	6
3.4 Post Scoping Meeting Activities	/
4.0 Summary of Input Received	8
4.1 Verbal Comments Received at Agency Scoping Meeting September 27, 1999	8
4.1.1 Federal Agencies	8
4.1.2 State Agencies	9
4.1.3 Local Agencies	9
4.2 Summary of Written Agency Comments Received	10
4.2.1 Federal Agencies	
4.2.2 State Agencies	11
4.2.3 Local Government	12
4.3 Verbal Comments Received at the Public Meeting October 6, 1999	
4.4 Public Comments Received	
4.4.1 Comments and Concerns	
4.4.2 Alternatives Suggested by the Public	13
4.5 Identified Information Needs	1 /
List of Tables	
Table 4-1 Issues Submitted	14
Table 4-2 Suggested Alternatives	16
Table 4-3 Agency Responses	18
List of Figures	
On or Follow	ing Page
Figure 1 Project Vicinity	
Figure 2 Crossings Suggested by the Public	15
Appendices Appendices	
Appendix A Scoping Outreach Materials	
Appendix B Agency Scoping Materials	
Appendix C Public Scoping Materials	





1.0 Introduction

1.1 Scoping Overview

Scope: (1) the range of one's actions or thoughts, (2) the space or opportunity to operate or function, (3) the extent of an activity, situation or function, (4) an instrument for observing

Ask for a definition of the word "scope" and most people will respond with one of the four meanings listed above. For the Gravina Access Project, however, "scope" is also the root word of an important public involvement process called "scoping." The Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities (DOT&PF), on behalf of the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), is pursuing alternatives for improving access between Revillagigedo Island and Gravina Island near Ketchikan in Southeast Alaska (see Figure 1). To ensure that the project fits the needs of area residents, the DOT&PF engaged in "scoping." The term scoping is the process through which project team members listen to ideas and concerns of people and agencies affected by the project and identify a range of alternatives and issues needing further study. Scoping ensures that alternatives and future studies associated with the project reflect the community's and agencies' input. The purpose of this

"Scoping Summary Report" is to capture the results of the public and agency outreach (scoping) activities conducted during the initial phase of the Gravina Access Project.

Scoping is also the first stage in the development of a comprehensive environmental document that meets the statutory requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). The FHWA will use this NEPA document as the basis for its decision to approve or not approve this project for design and construction. One of the purposes of scoping was to provide early notification of the project to the Ketchikan local governments, regulatory agencies, Alaska Native organizations, and the public. Early participation prevents misconceptions, curtails unnecessary delays to satisfy information requests, and fulfills the requirements of the NEPA process in a costeffective manner. The scoping process identifies concerns, issues, potential benefits, information sources related to the project as well as the need for special studies. Scoping is the means to solicit input from the public and agencies about the types of issues and the range of alternatives to include in the NEPA analysis.

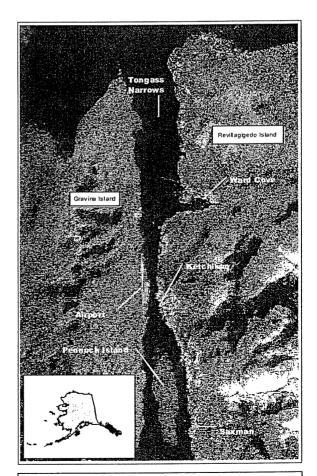


Figure 1. Project Vicinity





Another purpose of scoping is to help define the 'scope' of study required for the NEPA process and to focus preliminary engineering efforts.

The goals for the Gravina Access Project scoping process include:

- to identify potentially interested parties
- to inform them of the project and receive their input on issues of concern
- to establish the public record of this input.

This document is the public record of the scoping activities undertaken for the Gravina Access Project. Appendix A contains the project's scoping outreach materials, Appendix B contains agency scoping materials, and Appendix C contains public scoping materials. In particular Appendices B and C contain the public and agency comment received by the project team in various forms of communication before, during, and after the various events described below. Telephone conversations and meetings documented by the project team and all written correspondence are included.

1.2 Project Overview

The U. S. Congress has allocated Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA 21) funds for a special project specifically to improve transportation access from Ketchikan on Revillagigedo Island to Gravina Island. The intent of the congressional action is to provide access to Ketchikan International Airport on Gravina Island and to the island itself.

The Gravina Access Project will be conducted in three phases:

- 1) preparation of analysis and documents required by NEPA, that define issues of concern and environmental impacts of a range of alternatives
- 2) design of the preferred alternative
- 3) construction of the preferred alternative*

The federal funding, with a required state match, supports all three phases of the Gravina Access Project. DOT&PF has selected HDR Alaska, Inc. as the consultant to assist the DOT&PF in the execution of all three phases of the Gravina Access Project.

2.0 Scoping Methodology

The methodology used during scoping on the Gravina Access Project is detailed in two separate documents: (1) the "Gravina Access Project Scoping Plan" and (2) the "Gravina Access Project Public Involvement Plan." The DOT&PF approved these documents in September 1999. Implementation of the plans over the past two months has been the primary focus of the Gravina Access Project team, comprised of DOT&PF and HDR personnel. The intent of the scoping and public involvement plans is to define a process for securing public and agency input about the types and range of issues to be

^{*} Design and construction phases will only occur if the NEPA analysis results in FHWA approval of a build alternative.





addressed in the document to be prepared for compliance with NEPA. The Gravina Access Project must comply with NEPA because of the expenditure of federal funds.

The methodology used in scoping was completed under a number of specific tasks. These tasks are summarized below and are explained in detail in the scoping and public involvement plans.

- Task 1: Develop a scoping plan, submit to the DOT&PF, and incorporate DOT&PF comments.
- Task 2: Prepare an introductory letter.
- Task 3: Prepare and maintain a project mailing list.
- Task 4: Prepare "Notice of Intent to Conduct Environmental Scoping Activities"
- Task 5: Compose and mail a letter of invitation to the agency scoping meeting.
- Task 6: Prepare scoping meeting graphics.
- Task 7: Prepare for the agency scoping meeting.
- Task 8: Prepare for the public scoping meeting.
- Task 9: Conduct an agency scoping meeting in Juneau/Ketchikan.
- Task 10: Conduct a public scoping meeting in Ketchikan.
- Task 11: Prepare a scoping summary report.

The approach to public outreach during the Gravina Access Project scoping phase can simply be described as multifaceted. The public involvement plan (PIP) identifies potentially affected interests (PAIs) for the project. The PAIs include the general public in Ketchikan and the surrounding area, businesses, local governments, state agencies, federal agencies, Alaska Native organizations, and special interests. The full list of PAIs is provided in the PIP.

The scoping process for the Gravina Access Project employed a number of techniques designed to ensure that all PAIs, members of the public, and agencies were informed and involved throughout the project. Individual outreach and public meeting techniques were used in combination because they have proven to be effective and practical. The following list highlights these techniques.

- Informal local government and agency meetings
- A project mailing list
- A Ketchikan Project Office
- A newspaper insert
- A postcard mailer
- A project kiosk at the Plaza Mall
- Display advertisements in the Ketchikan Daily News and the Juneau Empire
- Public service announcements (PSAs) on local radio and television stations in Ketchikan
- A news article in the Ketchikan Daily News
- Local Ketchikan radio station interviews
- Informal flyers posted in local businesses
- A presentation on the project to the Ketchikan Chamber of Commerce
- A public meeting and various informal meetings in Ketchikan
- A project website (www.gravina-access.com)





The "Gravina Access Project Public Involvement Plan" details the use of each of these techniques. These efforts directly supported the scoping process required under NEPA, which is described below.

3.0 NEPA Scoping Activities

The DOT&PF and HDR Alaska project team conducted the scoping activities summarized in the following narrative. Particular emphasis has been placed on two major events—the agency scoping meeting held in Juneau and the public scoping meeting held in Ketchikan. These meetings are traditionally held during project scoping to provide the public and agencies a formal opportunity to learn about the project and provide comments directly to the project team. Scoping activities conducted prior to and after these meetings are also summarized.

3.1 Early Scoping Activities

On February 22, 1999, the FHWA, in cooperation with DOT&PF, published in the Federal Register a Notice of Intent to Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement for the proposed Gravina Access Project. The notice stated:

The proposed action would improve access to the Ketchikan International Airport and developable lands on Gravina Island. Alternatives under consideration include taking no action, various bridge alternatives, and an underwater tunnel. Several crossing alignments are under consideration.

This notification serves as the formal initiation of project activities under NEPA and constitutes the first public and agency notification of the project.

Project outreach activities for the Gravina Access Project began in Ketchikan on August 11 with the DOT&PF and HDR project team presenting an overview of the project to the Ketchikan Chamber of Commerce. The presentation was prepared in Microsoft PowerPoint and incorporated animation that allowed the audience to "fly over" the project area and see simulations of crossing concepts.

During the August visit to Ketchikan, the project team conducted informal meetings with agencies such as the Ketchikan Gateway Borough, the City of Ketchikan, the U.S. Forest Service, and the U.S. Coast Guard to begin identifying agency-specific issues and concerns regarding the project.

The Project Team developed a brief analysis of the revised regulations issued in May 1999, implementing Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. This analysis points out the need for early and consistent consultation with Native groups and other interested parties. A copy of this analysis is included in Appendix B.

Alaska Native organizations are included on the project mailing list and received invitations to agency and public meetings and project materials.





A newspaper insert in the *Ketchikan Daily News* on September 25, 1999, which reached the paper's circulation of approximately 5,700, initiated the public scoping process. A postcard mailer was sent to all Ketchikan area residents on September 29, 1999, advertising the public scoping meeting to be held on October 6, 1999. Public comments on the project were solicited.

A letter introducing the Gravina Access Project and invitation to the agency scoping meeting was sent to the Native organizations, and local, state, and federal agencies on September 3, 1999. On September 17, 1999, additional materials were mailed to the agencies and Native organizations to prepare them for the agency scoping meeting. The materials included the newspaper insert published in the *Ketchikan Daily News*, a summary of relevant issues from the previous studies, a bibliography of studies and reports generated from prior work on crossing alternatives, and a draft flyer on the public scoping meeting in Ketchikan on October 6, 1999. Follow-up phone calls were made to invitees a week prior to the meeting.

3.2 Agency Scoping Meeting

The agency scoping meeting was held on Monday, September 27, 1999, at the Hickel Room in Centennial Hall in Juneau. To provide access to others not present in Juneau, a teleconference link was provided to Ketchikan, Anchorage, and Sitka. The agency scoping meeting began with an overview of the Gravina Access Project by HDR team members. The concurrent planning effort of the Ketchikan Gateway Borough (Ketchikan 2020) was presented to enable the agencies to understand how those efforts relate to the Gravina Access Project. The presentation was followed by an agency-by-agency discussion of specific issues.

The following agencies and project team members were in attendance:

In Juneau:

Federal Agencies:

- US Coast Guard: Jim Helfinstine
- FHWA: Jim Bryson
- US Army Corps of Engineers: Steve Duncan, John Leeds
- National Marine Fisheries Service: Linda Shaw
- U.S. Forest Service, Region 10: Ken Vaughan

State Agencies:

- Dept of Environmental Conservation: Carl Schrader
- Dept of National Resources: Jim Anderson
- DOT&PF: Bill Ballard
- Div. of Governmental Coordination: Jennifer Garland

Project Team:

- DOT&PF: Al Steininger, Reuben Yost
- HDR Alaska, Inc.: Eric Keen, Larry Kyle, Mark Dalton, John McPherson, Darcy Richards
- Brooks & Associates: Anne Brooks





In Ketchikan:

Federal Agencies:

• U.S. Forest Service: Susan Marthaller, Jack Oien

State Agencies:

• Dept. of Fish and Game: Jack Gustafson

Local Government:

• Ketchikan Gateway Borough: Susan Dickinson; John Hill; Jonathan Lappin; Aneta Synan

Native Organizations:

• Cape Fox Corporation: Bud Johnson

Project Team:

• Klugherz & Associates: Mary Klugherz

In Anchorage:

Federal Agencies:

• Federal Aviation Administration: Jim Lomen; Clarence Goward

Project Team:

• HDR Alaska, Inc.: Carla SlatonBarker; Robin Reich

In Sitka:

Ketchikan Gateway Borough: Mayor Jack Shay

Appendix B includes the transcript of the agency scoping meeting, which was prepared by a court reporter.

3.3 Public Scoping Meeting

The Gravina Access Project is one of several projects currently underway in Ketchikan. The Borough has initiated a comprehensive planning process for Gravina Island, is pursuing an update to its coastal management plan, and is also conducting wetlands planning. These planning efforts comprise the Borough's "Ketchikan 2020" planning program. The U.S. Forest Service is engaged in a timber sale environmental impact statement for its lands on west Gravina Island. The Alaska Mental Health Trust has lands on Gravina Island that it would like to see developed to achieve its objective of realizing income from its land base to support state mental health programs. The DOT&PF and HDR Alaska project team determined that sharing information, cooperating on data collection efforts, and agreeing to communicate often as the different projects are implemented would benefit these and other planning efforts in the Ketchikan area.

To this end the public scoping meeting was broadened to a "planning fair" format. Multiple local, state and federal agencies were invited to Ketchikan to set up a booth at the Ted Ferry Civic Center to enable the public to engage the different agencies about their respective planning efforts and learn how the efforts related to the Gravina Access Project. The "planning fair" concept was presented to the local, state, and federal agencies as a suggested means to facilitate the scoping process. Agency support for the concept was strong.





Notification of the public scoping meeting and planning fair consisted of the tabloid-sized insert in the *Ketchikan Daily News* on Saturday, September 25, 1999. Additional copies of the insert were obtained to use in follow-up outreach efforts. These were made available to the agencies at the agency scoping meeting and the general public through the Gravina Access Project Ketchikan project office and the Ketchikan Gateway Borough, Planning Department Office. Each Ketchikan resident with a current mailing address received a postcard mailer with notification of the public meeting, and businesses throughout Ketchikan received flyers for public display. Both the postcard and flyer contained the public meeting specifics—date, time, and format.

The public scoping meeting was held in the Ted Ferry Civil Center on October 6, 1999. The public scoping meeting was conducted in an open house format. The doors opened at 3:00 p.m. and closed at 8:30 p.m. The public was invited to stop by at any time during this time frame. The DOT&PF and HDR project team was present to discuss the project with the public. Approximately 110 members of the community signed in at the meeting. A formal presentation was held at 6:00 p.m. During this presentation members of the HDR team provided a project overview and each agency in attendance provided short briefings on their projects or their function. A question-and-answer dialog with the public followed the presentations. The public asked questions of DOT&PF, HDR Alaska, and the Ketchikan Gateway Borough. The project team had several note takers available during the meeting and a full summary of the meeting is included as Appendix C. All handout materials provided to the public regarding the Gravina Access Project at this meeting are included in this document. Also, comment sheets were developed for the project and the public was encouraged to provide the project team written comment. All written comment is included in Appendix C.

The following agencies with current planning efforts underway in Ketchikan participated.

- Ketchikan Gateway Borough for the Ketchikan 2020 comprehensive plan
- USKH for DOT&PF's Ketchikan International airport master plan
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service for the West Gravina Island proposed timber sale
- U.S. Coast Guard for navigation oversight in Tongass Narrows
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for waters and wetlands planning
- State of Alaska, Division of Governmental Coordination for coastal management planning
- Alaska Mental Health Trust Land Office for trust resources asset planning
- Alaska Department of Natural Resources, Division of Forestry for the five-year schedule of timber sales
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency for wetland and watershed planning

3.4 Post Scoping Meeting Activities

Public outreach continued on October 7 with local Ketchikan radio interviews with KRBD-FM and KTKN-AM. Project team leaders answered questions about the project—its scope, schedule, funding, and public outreach efforts. The interviewers also wanted a summary of the public comment received at the planning fair. To further encourage public comments, the





Ketchikan Daily News published an editorial on October 12, 1999, emphasizing the need for the public to provide input in the scoping phase of the project. The newspaper also published the project comment sheet as a newspaper insert in the October 13, 1999 paper. The combined outreach has resulted in over 70 written comments from the public.

Also on October 7, DOT&PF and HDR project team members met with the agency participants to discuss the relationship of their efforts to the Gravina Access Project, discuss what was heard from the public, and plan future project coordination efforts. A summary of this debriefing is included in Appendix C. The DOT&PF and HDR project team emphasized the importance of the agency input and participation throughout the project and discussed the formation of a project development team (PDT) consisting of agency personnel, project team members, and local government representatives. The PDT meetings will be a forum to present and discuss project study plans, study findings, upcoming field and office work, coordination points, and general project development. The first PDT meeting was held November 4, 1999 in Ketchikan with teleconference links to Anchorage, Juneau, and Seattle. This group will meet regularly throughout project development.

4.0 Summary of Input Received

4.1 Verbal Comments Received at Agency Scoping Meeting September 27, 1999

A written transcript of the agency scoping meeting is located in Appendix B. The following is a summary of comments offered by each agency at the meeting.

4.1.1 Federal Agencies

US Army Corps of Engineers (COE)

- 1. The COE asked how the project will impact expansion plans at the Ketchikan International Airport.
- 2. The COE expressed concern about cumulative and secondary impacts and whether the proposed road system will be addressed as part of the project.
- 3. The COE will want to see information on bathymetry, wind and current patterns, structure geology, and how land and water will be affected on both sides of the Narrows.

Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)

1. FAA's Flight Standards Division will be involved in project review because the Tongass Narrows Corridor is a heavily used flight corridor. Concerns centered around the project impact on Ketchikan International Airport

National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS)

- 1. NMFS expressed concern about the relationship between the Gravina Access Project and Ketchikan 2020. NMFS asked about the role agencies will have in the Ketchikan 2020 planning process.
- 2. Adherence to essential fish habitat requirements contained in the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act will be required.





3. Depending on the alternatives, noise impacts to marine mammals may be a concern. NMFS could potentially help with studies if needed.

U.S. Coast Guard (USCG)

- 1. A permit from Coast Guard will be required for a hard link
- 2. The USCG expressed concern about vertical and horizontal openings for a bridge.
- 3. The USCG expressed concern that combining plans may be confusing and unwieldy.

U. S. Forest Service (USFS)

- 1. The USFS expressed concern that the complexity of the project when viewed in relationship with other planning efforts, Ketchikan 2020 in particular, may be confusing to the public.
- 2. The Ketchikan Ranger District is conducting a timber sale environmental impact statement (EIS) on Gravina. The Gravina Access Project could provide access to Forest Service lands if additional access roads are built.

4.1.2 State Agencies

Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC)

1. DEC expressed concern that proper environmental safeguards be in place to protect aquatic resources such as streams, lakes, and shoreline on Gravina Island.

Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G)

1. The area biologist had previously met with the project team about fish and wildlife resources and habitat issues. Meeting notes are presented in Appendix B.

Department of Natural Resources – Division of Mining, Land and Water (DNR)

1. Their involvement will occur once alternatives are developed.

Division of Governmental Coordination (DGC)

- 1. DGC asked how the Lewis Reef industrial development project will fit into this project.
- 2. DGC requested that the project team keep agencies informed about the relationship between the Gravina Access Project and Ketchikan 2020.
- 3. DGC involvement will be limited until permit applications are made.

4.1.3 Local Agencies

Ketchikan Gateway Borough (KGB)

- 1. The Borough is not advocating for any particular crossing.
- 2. Land ownership on Gravina is more defined now that Mental Health Trust Land status is resolved.





4.2 Summary of Written Agency Comments Received

The agency comment period deadline was initially October 13, 1999, but this deadline was later extended until October 27, 1999 at agency request. The following is a summary of each agency's comments. Copies of the comment letters appear in Appendix B.

4.2.1 Federal Agencies

Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)

1. A bridge has the potential to significantly impact navigable airspace.

- 2. The Revilla Corridor (from East Island to Pennock Island at or below 400 feet msl) is heavily used for floatplane and other operators flying under visual flight rules.
- 3. With enhanced technology and pilot training current approach minima could be lowered in the future but a bridge, depending on its location, may interfere with that.

National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS)

- 1. NMFS expressed concerned about impacts to marine resources including anadromous fish, marine fish, and invertebrates and marine mammals.
- 2. NMFS favors alternatives and designs that minimize direct, indirect and cumulative impacts.
- 3. NMFS provided a summary of specific resource issues.
- 4. Additional studies might be necessary to determine impacts of noise to marine mammals and juvenile salmonids and spawning herring.
- 5. It may be necessary to satisfy consultation requirements of the Endangered Species Act.
- 6. Essential fish habitat (EFH) requirements of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act should be addressed in NEPA document.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Regulatory Branch (COE)

- 1. The COE suggested that there will likely be a need for Section 10 and Section 404 permits.
- 2. Compensatory mitigation should be considered early in project planning.
- 3. Further information needs identified:
 - jurisdictional wetlands determinations
 - identification of direct and indirect impacts from airport expansion, new roads, industrial, residential and other development
 - bathymetry, currents, wind and weather patterns for each crossing alternative; information concerning aquatic and other natural resources
 - dive surveys for alternatives under consideration
 - tidal data
- 4. Other issues needing to be addressed include:
 - long term maintenance
 - storm water
 - purpose and need for the project
 - public support for the project
 - identification of "appropriate" commercial/industrial development on Gravina
- 5. The COE reiterated that the permit process will evaluate all practicable alternatives.





U.S. Coast Guard (USCG)

- 1. The USCG requested that the draft NEPA document include a separate section on navigational impacts.
- 2. The USCG provided navigation data prepared by the Marine Safety Detachment in Ketchikan.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

- 1. Purpose and need statement should be concise, easily understandable, and consistent with NEPA with supporting pertinent background information presented in separate section.
- 2. The NEPA document should describe fully the various planning efforts being undertaken with the Gravina Access Project and their relationship to the access project.
- 3. The project should analyze the potential indirect and cumulative environmental impacts associated with the access project itself and those associated with subsequent development on Gravina, (and potentially Pennock and Revilla Islands).
- 4. The project should include identification of wetlands types, acreage, and locations, and an assessment of wetland functions and values.
- 5. Freshwater sources should be evaluated for availability/type and quantity.
- 6. Effects of development on the hydrologic systems on Gravina and their relationships to water quality and fish habitat should be evaluated.
- 7. Analysis of impacts to water quality and fish habitat from storm water, wastewater and sewage associated with development should be evaluated.
- 8. The project should clarify that funding is secure only for the environmental process and design.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)

- 1. USFWS expressed concern about cumulative and secondary impacts to fish and wildlife resources and habitats.
- 2. Development should be directed away from the most productive and sensitive habitats.
- 3. Roads should be sited away from the shoreline and obvious beach fringe areas.
- 4. USFWS, with its dive program, can assist with siting of marine facilities.

U.S. Forest Service – Ketchikan Ranger District (USFS)

- 1. The USFS asked how a hard link would tie into the Forest Service road system.
- 2. The USFS asked how the road system would be affected by increased public access to Gravina.
- 3. The USFS asked if there was a need for development of recreational sites and trails based on increased access.
- 4. The USFS wants to ensure that its plans for federal lands are compatible with other Gravina landowners.

4.2.2 State Agencies

Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G)

1. Effects of the project on fish and wildlife species, their habitats, and the public uses of fish and wildlife should be considered.





- 2. The project should consider both direct impacts and secondary and cumulative effects.
- 3. Field surveys should be conducted for wetlands, uplands, intertidal and sub-tidal habitats and sensitive species of plants, animals or habitats; esp. Alaska worm salamander.
- 4. The NEPA document should provide an analysis of the cumulative effects of linking Ketchikan to an interconnected road system accessing most of Gravina Island.
- 5. Methods to avoid impacts should be sought, mitigation described and evaluated, and monitoring developed and implemented to ensure the project is properly constructed and provides measures necessary for the protection of water quality and fish and wildlife resources and habitats.

Department of Natural Resources - Alaska Mental Health Trust Land Office (AMHT)

- 1. The Trust supports a hard link that accesses not only the airport but also Ketchikan Gateway Borough lands and Trust lands beyond the airport.
- 2. Development of infrastructure on Gravina would enhance undeveloped Trust lands.

Department of Natural Resources - Office of History and Archeology (DNR)

- 1. Historic/cultural sites (Native burial sites) occur on Pennock Island.
- 2. Construction in this area would not be well received by local Native residents.
- 3. Native entities that should be contacted include the IRA Councils (Ketchikan Indian Corporation and the Organized Village of Saxman (IRA Council) and Cape Fox Corporation.

4.2.3 Local Government

Ketchikan Gateway Borough (KGB)

- 1. Concurrent comprehensive planning effort requires close coordination with the Gravina Access Project.
- 2. Information needs:
 - an updated land use inventory for Gravina and Revillagigedo Islands,
 - updated Borough-wide base maps,
 - a system for data retrieval, maintenance and analysis of mapped information,
 - and a contemporary set of scalable, digital aerial photography compatible with the digital mapping system.

4.3 Verbal Comments Received at the Public Meeting October 6, 1999

The public scoping meeting was held in the Ted Ferry Civil Center on October 6, 1999. Approximately 110 community participants signed in at the meeting. A formal presentation was held at 6:00 p.m. and was followed by a question-and-answer dialog with the public. The project team had several note takers available during the meeting and a full summary of the meeting in included in Appendix C. The following is a summary, by topic, of the verbal questions, comments, and concerns expressed by the public at the meeting.

Community Support – DOT&PF should consider ending the project if there is not sufficient community support.





Comprehensive Planning – How long do we have to plan before doing something? When will the Borough comprehensive plan for Gravina Island be done? If the access project isn't built, will there still be a "Gravina Island Comprehensive Plan"?

Cost/Benefit – Is cost/benefit analysis a marker for whether or not an improvement is built? A previous cost/benefit analysis was done between and bridge and ferry; why do another?

Economic Development - Economic development should be a stated need for the project. A land use inventory of Revilla and Gravina is needed to identify land suitable and not suitable for development. Constraints to development, such as wetlands, anadromous streams, sensitive habitats should be identified. Lack of developable land and expense of developable land are major constraints to economic development in Ketchikan. The potential of further developing Revilla versus the potential of development on Gravina should be assessed.

Development of Gravina — Does development of Gravina have to stop until this project and Borough planning projects are completed? What percentage of Gravina will actually be developable? Wouldn't it be better to develop roads on Gravina first before planning hard link access? Will the project also include access not only to the airport but to Gravina lands as well? Road access will foster development opportunities. A road corridor should be identified and developed without waiting for the access project to be completed. Will regulatory agencies permit a road on Gravina?

Funding - Where is the money for the project coming from? Will the community be asked to pay for a portion of the project?

Infrastructure Impacts of Project – Will consideration be given to the increase in demand for power and water that the project will generate? Will impacts on parking and access roads to the airport be considered?

Land Use Planning – Some assumptions about how land will be developed on Gravina should precede location of a hard link. Without land use decisions made first, forecasting of vehicle traffic volume to Gravina may be inaccurate, too low, or too high. Will the public get to review the assumptions about land use and traffic generation before the studies are completed?

Other Community Needs – The community has other important needs, such as recreational land. By doing this project, will the community lose out on funding for other important projects?

Pennock/Gravina Crossing – Previously proposed crossing alternative involving Pennock Island was opposed by residents of Pennock because of perceived impacts to their lifestyle.

Previous Studies – How will previous studies by DOT&PF on the Tongass Narrows crossing be used?

Purpose and Need for Project – If safety wasn't an adequate foundation for the purpose and need of the project, why would development on Gravina be a enough for a purpose and need?





Wetlands - What kind of criteria will be used to make wetlands developable? Has there been a wetland classification on Gravina?

4.4 Public Comments Received

4.4.1 Comments and Concerns

Comment sheets were provided to the public at the public scoping meeting in Ketchikan and at the Ketchikan project office. A comment sheet was also included as an insert in the October 13, 1999, edition of the *Ketchikan Daily News*. Public comments were submitted by mail or sent via e-mail. Approximately 75 written comments were received between the period of October 6 and November 10, 1999. Tables 4-1 and 4-2 present a summary of the written questions, comments, and concerns expressed by the public. The comments have been presented in matrix format for easy reference.

Table 4-1 Issues Submitted

Issue	Issue Description	Suggested Action (if any)	Opposition to Suggested Action
Airspace	Bridge would interfere with floatplane traffic	Relocate floatplanes across Narrows; Build bridge at Pennock Island	
	Native burial grounds on Pennock could be disturbed by bridge construction	Don't build bridge in burial grounds area	
Comprehensive Planning	Need long-range planning for Gravina before access is built; do planning after bridge is built; the Borough should finish what has been started	(Note: This project will be coordinated with the Borough's Ketchikan 2020 planning efforts)	No more planning, just build the bridge
Cost/Benefit of Project	Project will benefit only a few	Evaluate project on basis of whole community	
Fish, Wildlife, and Habitat Resources	Sensitive shoreline and intertidal habitat on Gravina should be protected; disturbed sensitive areas should be restored; endangered species should be protected	Protection of East Clump, Government Cr., Clam Cove, Lewis Reef, Blank Inlet, Black Sand Cove, Restoration of East Clump, Clam Cove	
Improved Access to Airport	Need improved access to airport for medical emergencies and convenience for travelers and those dropping off or picking up passengers	Build a hard link	Existing access is adequate; Travel time won't be reduced by bridge or tunnel
Job Creation	Local labor could be used in construction; development of Gravina would create jobs		
Landfill	Solid waste is barged south	Locate regional landfill on Gravina	Gravina isn't place for landfill
Maintenance	Bridge and tunnel would require maintenance	Choose option with least maintenance cost	Have difficulty maintaining what exists now; the community shouldn't be burdened with taxes to pay for maintenance





Issue	Issue Description	Suggested Action (if any)	Opposition to Suggested Action
Navigation	Bridge should be tall enough for cruise ships; Tongass Narrows is congested with air and marine traffic	Build bridge to accommodate cruise ships; Congestion should be considered in design of alternatives; Restrict traffic in west channel to cruise ships and east channel to state ferries and private craft	Cruise ships can go around Gravina; Tall bridge is too expensive
Other Community Needs	Money could be used for other things needed by the community	Improvements to Tongass Avenue, city streets, road maintenance, schools; Clean up of Ward Cove property for reuse	
Opening Land on Gravina	Hard link access would open Gravina land to various uses	Recreation land, golf course, residential property including Vallenar Valley, commercial/industrial development	No need to develop Gravina; Develop Revilla; Would destabilize property values; Lack of land on Gravina not reason why businesses aren't relocating to Ketchikan
Roads on Gravina	Roads would provide access to Gravina lands	Build roads to Lewis Reef development; build access roads to future commercial/industrial sites; build road to Vallenar Bay; build road along shoreline to open up areas for development	Don't develop Gravina, put roads on Revilla
Traffic Impacts	Traffic congestion problems on Revilla	Hard link would alleviate traffic flow problems; Improve road system and parking at airport	
Viewshed	Bridge would be an eyesore; Development on Gravina would be ugly	Build a tube or tunnel; Consider underground powerlines with road projects	
Water Quality	Declining water quality would be adversely impacted by development on Gravina	Protect beach fringe on Gravina	
Wetlands	Wetlands would be disturbed or destroyed by development on Gravina	Wetlands should be protected	Most of Alaska is wetlands; Build hard link and access roads for development

4.4.2 Alternatives Suggested by the Public

The comment sheet included a map for identification of crossing alternatives and locations. The following discussion, Table 4-2, and Figure 2 summarizes the access alternatives suggested by the public.

Tunnel

At narrowest point in Tongass Narrows near the airport.

Tube

• A U-shaped tube north of the airport.





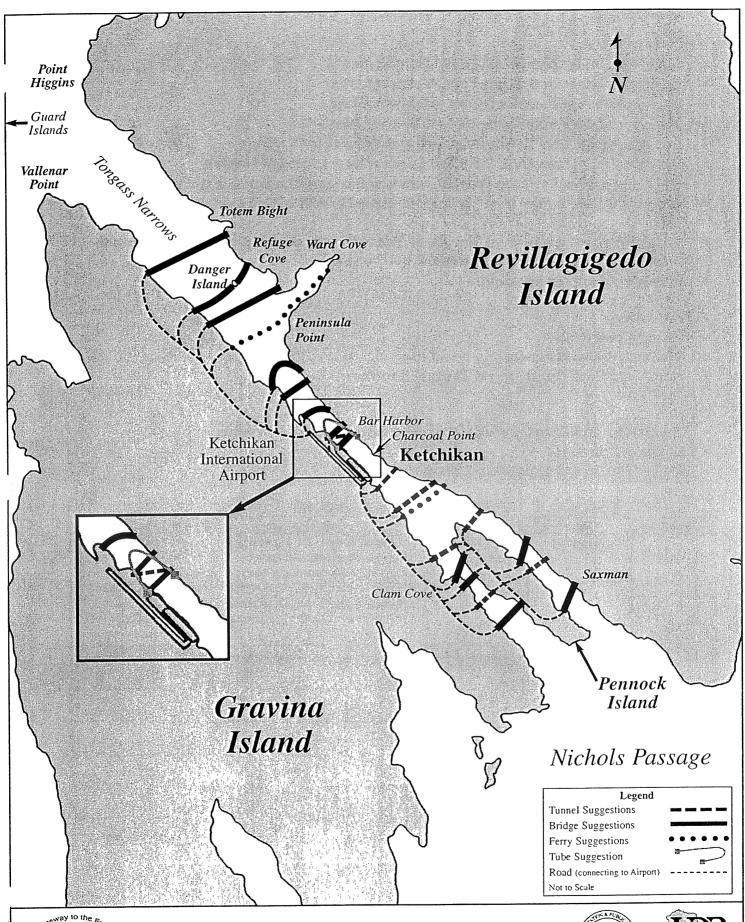




Figure 2
Crossings Suggested by the Public





Bridge Locations

- Single-span bridge from Wolfe Point to airport runway.
- Single-span bridge from Sunny Point to airport runway.
- Single-span bridge from Ward Cove to Gravina Island.
- Single-span bridge from Totem Bight to Gravina Island.
- Two-span bridge from Revilla to midpoint on Pennock to Gravina.
- Two-span bridge from north of Refuge Cove to Danger Island to Gravina.
- A low bridge from Revilla to Pennock with a high bridge from Pennock to Gravina.
- A causeway/low bridge from Saxman to Pennock with a high bridge from Pennock to Gravina.
- A causeway/low bridge from Revilla to Pennock with a higher bridge from Pennock to Gravina that would allow state ferries but not cruise ships.
- Drawbridge north of the airport.

Ferry Locations

- Existing ferry route.
- Southeast of airport runway.
- From Ward Cove directly across Tongass Narrows to Gravina.

Other

- Tunnel from Revilla to Pennock and a bridge from Pennock to Gravina.
- Self propelled barge.
- Nuclear aircraft carrier positioned between the islands.

Table 4-2 Suggested Alternatives

Alternative	Туре	Suggested Location	Reason for support	Reasons for Opposition
	Single span	Sunny Point to airport	General reasons for supporting a bridge: Most efficient access option; More convenient than ferry; Less expensive than tunnel; Minimal environmental impacts; Alleviates traffic flow problems.	Too expensive; Eyesore; Interferes with air and marine traffic; Would have to be too high to accommodate cruise ships; Would require constant maintenance; Who will maintain it?
Bridge	Single span	Wolfe Point to airport		3.0
J. T. G.	Single span	Revilla to north of airport		
	Single span	Ward Cove to Gravina		
	Single span	Totem Bight to Gravina		
	U shaped	Wolfe Point to airport		
	Drawbridge	None specified		





Alternative	Туре	Suggested Location		Reasons for Opposition
	Two span	Revilla to mid	Two span - alleviates air traffic	Pennock bridge would
		Pennock to Gravina	interference	disrupt lifestyle and
				potentially destroy Native
				burial grounds
D 11 (()	Two span	North of Refuge		
Bridge (cont.)	-	Cove to Danger		
		Island to Gravina	•	
	Causeway/bridge	Revilla to south	Causeway/bridge would create	
	,	Pennock to Gravina	breakway/harbor at	
			Saxman/Pennock	
			Existing service is adequate;	Inconvenient; Inhibits
			Opposition to hard link;	access to Gravina
Eviatin a Famus			Opposition to enabling access to	
Existing Ferry Service		·	Gravina; Other alternatives don't	
Set vice			solve community's problems;	
			Cost of build alternatives is too	
	.,		high	
	Large ferry, More		Increased service may be most	Inconvenient; Inhibits
Improved	frequent ferries	Ward Cove directly	cost effective; Improve ramp;	access to Gravina
Ferry Service		across to Gravina;	Improve existing service;	
1 only borvies			Provide access to Gravina with	
		airport	improved ferry service	
	U-shaped	Wolfe Point to	Low environmental impact; Lack	
Tube		airport near seaplane	of hazards to aircraft and vessels;	
		base	Unspoiled view	
,		At narrowest span		High cost of construction
		between islands	of hazards to aircraft and vessels;	and maintenance; Steep
Tunnel			Unspoiled view; Not weather	approach with potential
			ravaged; Most cost effective in	for traffic blockage
·			long term; Lower maintenance	
	. 14 · 1	T. 1 f D	cost than bridge Alleviates aircraft interference	
Other	Tunnel/bridge		Alleviales aircraft interference	
		to Pennock, bridge to Gravina		
	Calfornation	Giavilla	Not enough roads on Gravina to	
	Self propelled		support a bridge	
	barge	Positioned between	Provides access and power for SE	
	Nuclear aircraft	Revilla and Gravina	Alaska	
	carrier	Kevilla and Gravina	Miaska	l

4.5 Identified Information Needs

The resource agencies, local government and Native organizations were asked to identify information gaps, fieldwork and special studies that would be helpful in preparation of the environmental document.

Table 4-3 presents responses received from local, state and federal agencies on information they would like to see as part of the project.





Table 4-3 Agency Responses

Agency	Biological Environment	Physical Environment	Social Environment
National Marine Fisheries Service	Noise impacts on marine mammals, juvenile salmonids, and spawning herring		
	jurisdictional wetlands determination, information concerning aquatic and other natural resources, dive surveys	Bathymetry, currents, winds and weather patterns for each alternative, tidal data	Identification of direct and indirect impacts from airport expansion, new roads, industrial, residential development;
U.S. Coast Guard		Navigation impacts	Navigation impacts
U.S. EPA	Identification of wetland types, acreage, and locations; assessment of wetlands function and values; evaluation of freshwater sources for availability/type and quantity to support development on Gravina and impacts to water quality and fish habitat	Impacts to hydrologic systems on Gravina and their relationship to water quality and fish habitat	Analysis of potential indirect and cumulative impacts associated with development on Gravina, Pennock and Revilla Islands
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	Concern about cumulative and secondary impacts to fish/wildlife resources and habitats.		
Ketchikan Gateway Borough			Updated land use inventory for Revilla and Gravina; updated Borough-wide base maps; system for data retrieval; digital aerial photography compatible with digital mapping system





GRAVINA ACCESS PROJECT
AGENCY SCOPING MEETING
SEPTEMBER 27, 1999

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[On Record]

MR. DALTON: Everybody has a copy of the agenda and I'm going to turn it over -- this is Mark Dalton speaking with HDR Alaska, and I'm going to turn it over to the DOT Project Manager for the Gravina Access Project, Al Steininger.

project, a bridge, but it's -- we're titled the access project It's called a high priority project; it was This is the agency scoping for the Gravina Congressional Legislation, T21 and it was titled The Bridge This is Anne Brooks, she's I want to welcome with Brooks and Associates, she's in charge of the public And what I'd like to do is have alternatives, and this is essentially the first meeting because it's near the EIS that we'll be looking at all MR. STEININGER: Hello. introductions around the table. public meeting we have. Access Project. everybody here. involvement

MR. MCPHERSON: My name's John McPherson, I'm a planner with HDR.

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MR. STBININGER: Excuse me. I want to back up a little bit too because we went through a process of selecting a consuiting firm to do the RIS and the design and then follow up with construction management so it's a total project and we selected this company here, HDR Alaska Inc.,

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and so I'd like to start the introductions again, sorry.

MR. MCPHERSON: So this is Anne

MR. STEININGER: Yeah.

MS. BROOKS: I'm Anne.

MR. MCPHERSON: And I'm John McPherson.

MR. STEININGER: And -- and should we do ...

R. DALTON: Just wanted -- what we're going

to do is introduce the project team, and then we'll introduce the other guests.

MS. RICHARDS: I'm Darcy Richards

MR. KYLE: Larry Kyle.

MR. KBEN: I'm Bric Keen with HDR and the

program manager for the project.

MR. DALTON: And again, I'm Mark Dalton, and I am the project manager for the first stage of the project, which is the NBPA analysis portion of the project.

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MR. STEININGER: And Carla, do you want to

introduce yourself in Anchorage?

MS. SLATONBARKER: Hi, I'm Carla SlatonBarker,

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I'm in the Anchorage office, and I'm a planner here.

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MR. DALTON: Okay. And Robin.

MR. STEININGER: Robin.

MS. REICH: This is Robin Reich, I'm an

Environment Planner here in Anchorage.

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MR, DALTON: Okay. And Mary.

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MS. KLUGHERZ: This is Mary Klugherz in Ketchikan and I am at the Gravina Access Project Office here in Ketchikan.

MR. KEEN; Okay. I thank you, Al, if you

don't ...

MR. STEININGER: Go ahead,

As Al had mentioned, we were selected anticipating that it will be an environmental impact statement to support us on the public project we call the Environmental Phase where it's to develop purpose of today's meeting is to initiate the formal scoping in July of this year, HDR, to conduct the first stage of the for you to discuss your agency's concern and to identify any want to do is also One is Brooks and Associates and of the significant issues that need to be addressed in the Anne Brooks is here supporting us on the agency and public subconsultants of which you've been introduced to a few of The τo and supporting the HDR team are a number of specialty -- team of nationally -- worldly recognized ... mind, I'll start it. the environmental document of this project. We are and some of the environmental studies. for the NEPA Environmental Protection Act Mary Klugherz Today what we Ketchikan, Klugherz and Associates the project. to you Gravina Access Project. MR. KEEN: them here this afternoon. environmental document, of aspect involvement information have some process

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-2-

One is T.Y. Lin International that will be States and very prominent in Alaska that will be supporting us and Associates for the ferry alternative. Bruce Hutchison is Mayor. Hatch, Shannon and Wilson is a geotechnical firm here in the United number of other specialty firms, Northern Economics, Glosten be supporting us for any of the tunneling alternatives. very familiar with many of the marine issues here in Alaska. on the geotechnical aspects of the project and there are a a team of recognized He will be supporting us and looking at some of the ferry If we could maybe go alternatives and a number of other firms, so it's quite Mott, McDonald, that is a international tunneling firm around and have the agencies now introduce themselves. of any of the bridge alternatives that we will talk about later on today. We've really assembled experts in all the different areas. supporting HDR in the development engineering firms. group. will

their window.

MR. DALTON: Could -- Mayor Shay, could you introduce yourself, please.

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MR. SHAY: Yes, sir. This is Mayor -- Jack Shay, Mayor of the Ketchikan Gateway Borough.

MR. DALTON: And Susan.

MS. DICKINSON: This is Susan Dickinson, I'm the Planning Director in Ketchikan, and, unfortunately, I'm at

52

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would you like MR. GUSTAFSON: Jack Gustafson, Department of UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: John Hill, Ketchikan Jonathan Lappin; I'm DALTON: Mary, are there agency folks Fish and Game, area habitat biologist here in Ketchikan. Department of Fish and Game and area habitat [indisc.]. Jack Gustafson, Alaska MR. DALTON: Could everybody hear? there are, the airport, so my windows are already closed. [Indisc.]. introduce yourselves, maybe Jack, you can No. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yea, MR. DALTON: Okay. Gateway Borough Planning Department, Okay. MS. KLUGHERZ: GUSTAFSON: MR. DALTON: MR. MR. present with you? t 0

the same.

MR. JOHNSON: Bud Johnson, Cape Fox
Corporation.

UNIDBNTIFIED SPEAKER: Aneta Synan, Ketchikan
Gateway Borough Planning Department.

MS. MARTHALLER: Susan Marthaller, I'm with
the Forest Service for the Ketchikan District [indisc.].

MR. OIEN: My name is Jack Oien,
Transportation and Planner with U.S. Forest Service.

to close

Somebody needs

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:

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Clarence Goward, FAA Air Traffic I'm sorry, could you repeat your And that's everybody here. This is Jim Lomen, FAA Airports I,w with the Division of Governmental Coordination representing And here in Juneau, Hi, this is Linda Shaw, National MR. ANDERSON: Jim Anderson, Department of This is Jennifer Garland, Anchorage's turn? Anchorage, please. That's it with us. Yeah, that's it. That's it, Mary? Clarence Goward. okay. Carla Okay. Clarence. Please. the Coastal Zone Management Program. Okay. SLATONBARKER: Okay. SLATONBARKER: STEININGER: STRININGER: MS. KLUGHERZ: with you, Jennifer. MS. KLUGHERZ: DALTON: MS. GARLAND: DALTON: DALTON: DALTON: MR. DALTON: GOWARD; MR. GOWARD: MR, DALTON: LOMEN: MS. SHAW: Marine Fisheries Service. MR. MR. MS. ₩. MR. MR. MR. MR. MS. Æ. we'll start Division Division name? 12 11 19 2 73 54

Natural Resources.

MR. HELFINSTINE: Jim Helfinstine with the 17th Coast Guard District Bridge Administration Program.

MR. DUNCAN: Steve Duncan with the Corps of

Engineers.

MR. LEEDS: Oh, well I'm John Leeds, I'm with

the Corps of Engineers here in Juneau.

Coordinator.

State

Reuben Yost, DOT Regional

YOST:

₩.

Environmental

MR. BALLARD: Bill Ballard,

=

Environmental Coordinator, DOT.

Carl Schrader, Department of

MR. SCHRADER:

Environmental Conservation.

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to a most recent work was started in 1991 when the EIS building ļn attending today. I'd like to go through and do a little bit actually been studied down in this area from -- in Ketchikan I thank you very much for But I should over from Revilla Island over to Gravina Island since the draft environmental document, it was never finalized and, carried or As you know, the hard link has σĘ will be either developed to look at a hard link from the city That project was developed or obtained as part of that study. fact, what -- the work that we will be doing on much of the information that was MR. KEEN: Okay. Ketchikan over to the airport. on the project history. was initiated The 1970g.

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This project we will, I anticipate, probably deviate from some of that work want to about a bridge, but I think it's important, just from the very We will also look at -- at the some discussion about some tunnel options, and on the map here alternatives, beginning on the south end by the city of Saxman I know that the legislation specifically talks that regard, our scoping, hear your issues and I'd like to -- in front studies. In addition, there are a series of bridge crossing -- the -- kind of the process that we're going We will look at bridge alternatives as comments, not only on the alternatives that are -- have been that shows some of the previous work, we're identifying the we view In the past, there's been considered and that we will look at as part of our initial and going all the way up north by Ward Cove and there's a of us is some of the previous crossing concepts, and I ti Di out that the purpose of that project was really just point out, first, that we will be looking at all crossing locations of a couple tunnels that have been pe, a look at the existing ferry service and of the project that we're carrying forward, develop a hard link specifically to the airport. broader in its context and focus, and in will There and will supplement it accordingly. the Gravina Access Project. enhanced ferry service as well. action alternative, of course. to follow here is to conduct of crossings. alternatives. So the mentioned, this as nature series well.

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alternatives. Part of that process may end up if we eliminate of the crossing alternatives or some of the alignments or We've been and we'll open up for studied in the past, specifically any potential impacts as it final design would then be complete, we kind of anticipate, at meeting today and the meeting end up with completely new alignment alternatives as well. schedule, Al had mentioned we started the process in July of We anticipate that we'll get to a draft BIS in the summer of that whatever aiternative is selected would be complete with the last And the idea is that we're eventually going to get down to So that talks a little screening process where we begin to evaluate the different process. relates to resources in the area. And then we will begin alternative, we -- then HDR is under contract to begin the this point, the spring of 2002, at which time construction would begin on the proposed action and we would anticipate select number of reasonable alternatives that we'll carry bit about our schedule. With that, I'd like to have John Assuming we come out of that process with a build forward in the environmental document. In terms of our final design of that alternative, whichever it may be. this year, when we received our notice to proceed. a series of scoping activities here for public comment on the -- department public scoping we're having a planning fair, construction in the spring of 2005. in the culminating or so, conducting next week, 2000.

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McPherson talk now a little bit about some of the ongoing parallel activities.

a comprehensive plan in conjunction with this NEPA document in for plan and it's -- it's kind of a unique opportunity to -- to do Concurrent with that make up what is being called Ketchikan 2020 and the four elements being a Gravina Island comprehensive plan and update rather than us sitting in an office somewhere trying to think separate elements Gravina Access Project is this Gravina Island comprehensive -- and residents of Ketchikan and the that has the opportunity to allow some better definition in and objectives to identify -- and citizens there have an opportunity to A wetland watershed update to their comprehensive plan. Most specific to the actually shape what will happen there. Another important Borough initiated planning effort and then finally an update -- an overall process on what will happen on Gravina Island, This is John up what might happen as a result of improved access, see happen on Gravina Island and to run Ketchikan Gateway Borough have the opportunity McPherson with HDR and -- and I'm a planner. goals There's really four Thanks. to the and planning studies to their coastal management program. -- the Gravina Access Project, MR. MCPHERSON: set some vision and that the citizens and with Gravina Access. series of different tο what they want residents and issues and the NEPA the

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to be involved plan and the part that we're involved with up to this point is permit much like aspect of that is .. is the ability to have better and -- and more thorough public involvement as part of the NEPA process, -- the -- the wetland coastal zone. The third piece of work is a wetland watershed something that would allow them to redraft enforceable policies to guide development within the ö coastal management program update to whereas instead of leaving it off after scoping and coming -- with the NEPA document. issues, goals and objectives as a part of that program and back when we've got alternatives, the concurrent planning information in the -- the resource inventory, reestablish The Borough's -- the scope of work BO Environmental Protection Agency on what it would it take -- in developing those Borough has updated their coastal management program, that's -- it's been a while since they've initiated with DGC this effort to update the something that would streamline wetland developing a scope of work to be submitted to the efforts will provide opportunities for citizens the a general establish a general permit in the Borough. go into that would be to request money to do the The working towards ļn alternatives concurrent with the have better information when they at the local level. to the ++ The second project is the have, the way through Juneau -- in in Anchorage and -- and process and development interested a11 and

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-10-

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Bome that crossing alternative And I think with that, I'm what the to occur, you now have some -- some known information about Borough would like to see happen if becomes a preferred alternative. the crossing happens to -probably done, but ... Some definition,

Eric Keen again. As you can see, there's a real comprehensive planning effort that's ongoing in conjunction with the Gravina At this I'd like Mark Dalton to talk a little bit about the draft associated with Gravina crossing alternatives, specifically, As John points out, I think it provides us MR. KEEN: All right, thanks John, this is with a great opportunity to look at not only the impacts but also to take a look at some of the cumulative and secondary impacts associated with those alternatives. purpose and need and the concurrent process. Access Project. time

Our

plan.

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for Just -- just in Service, off everyone's information. And a float plane taking Forest Thank you, Eric. joining us is Ken Vaughan with the U.S. MR. DALTON: we presume. Ketchikan,

up the MS. KLUGHERZ: Hey, I even picked

phone.

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or

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I want to say about purpose and need is that our intent is to Okay. Just out the outset, what get a draft purpose and need statement out for agency review The statement is being as quickly as possible. DALTON; ₩.

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-12-

We to the airport, and when we say improved access, we're talking about greater reliability and convenience for people traveling alluded to, has expanded over what was anticipated in the 1994 But we also see a need -- or Saturday Ketchikan Daily News, folks in Juneau have copies of We do intend to develop And newspaper insert that came out introducing the project in the as Eric mentioned, there's a pretty long history that -- that draft EIS, and that is in addition to gaining improved access also as Eric has were able to see, especially folks in Ketchikan, there was a transportation between Revilla Island and Gravina Island and development that really helps insure the community's vitality that is developed jointly between -- or by the -- the Department of Transportation and the Ketchikan Gateway Borough and if you that, and I believe there are copies in Anchorage as well. a need of its landbase on the purpose and need jointly between DOT and the Borough. that has been identified for this has in that newspaper insert about the and to improve -- there is purpose of the project is to foster economic development The purpose, though, to unify Borough lands, put, it's really to help the Borough gain access to some There's well into the -- the next millennium. between the airport and Revilla. and an important one. addition, helps establish that need. simply a purpose of the project п purpose that And talk a little bit Gravina Island. -- the the project. project,

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I guess at this point, this might be a good time to open it up So if there was any question about that, At each We hope process, specifically the draft statement of purpose and need, -- an opportunity to or ask questions about in addition, we will be using the agency concurrence process so that the project will be conducted in compliance with the concur with the identification of either purpose and need or the identification, the range of reasonable alternatives and developed. And given that there are three concurrent steps, uo to initiate the concurrence on the purpose and need shortly. clarify let me put that to rest, that this is how the project will interagency agreement on merging the NRPA process with the process related questions at this point, and I'll let Anne familiar with that process, the agencies, and there's a signatory to the agreement and at key steps in the NEPA then the identification of the preferred alternative. to focus reasonable alternatives or the preferred alternative. not of resource agencies, I believe it's eight that are to some question and answer, if -- if folks want to to state those for those who may really would hope of those steps, the agencies have a -- a the things that have been said We general. section 404 process. take the floor, 1 i, and just to project o£ Anne some the

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you have a question, to state your name, 'cause we are
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do is if

to

we'd like

Yeah, what

BROOKS:

MS.

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maybe we'll start with Jack and -- and Susan, and make sure if recording it, that way we'll -- we'll capture on our -the question. But Mary, let's start you have any questions we have those answered recorder who's got

on onr

O.Y.

MR. SHAY: Shay here, I have no questions at

this time, thanks.

Susan, I have no questions at MS. MARTHALLER:

this time

Ketchikan? BROOKS: MS.

Mary? DALTON: ₩. MS. KLUGHERZ: I'm here and everyone's shaking

their head; they have no questions at this time.

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Okay. Any questions here? MS. BROOKS:

<u>e</u>

This is Jen Garland, actually MS. GARLAND:

the question is kind of for the Borough folks as well as the development fit into this whole process or if it isn't going team here. I was wondering where the Lewis Reef industrial

a part of this in some way.

to be

working Chris Gionatti and I think that we have to we have Thursday and I'm but and looked at Lewis Reef development as a project by itself, Well, this is Susan, I've been about the past, In the think that's a good question, Jennifer, and talk ű to be in Juneau how this does all fit together. with Mark Dalton and John McPherson to MS. DICKINGON: I'm going to meet with project. look at going Reef

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think that we're still trying to see exactly how that's going the purpose and need for -- for the development at Lewis Reef So I think that it fits in, play out, but the Gravina Island plan should help define certainly it fits -- fits into this larger picture, and I but I can't say exactly how right now. development beyond there. the

MS. GARLAND; Okay, thanks.

Yes, sir. Any other questions? BROOKS: MS.

The last meeting I went to in MR. LEEDS:

Ketchikan

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Could you just UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:

oh, the name is John Leeds, that going to play any sort of -- have any sort of involvement about expanding. Will that play -- is that still a go and is about the airport having some expansion concerns, they were talking it was to, Ketchikan on the same subject, they were talking of redirect our -- this access project? The last meeting I went LEEDS: ₩. Corps of Engineers.

their airport master planning folks, they have -- they have a plan for the airport, and we will link them into the process. we are working with the State and their -- and consultant on contract right now and they're doing a master MS. BROOKS: I'm going to let Mark address We that.

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that's going to be a -- sort of a major undertaking, isn't MR. LEEDS: Now is that going to have Alaska Business Exchange 326 4th Street, Suite B, JUNBAU, ALASKA 99801 (907) 586-6846

-16-

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that going to have some sort of -- isn't that going to sort of direct some of the alternatives?

I -- I think -- I think again, as -- they are not -- my understanding is they have not gotten to the airport we intend to work with them quite closely. They Ketchikan 2020, the point of talking about specific alternatives, they've but for Ketchikan International they've begun doing the forecasting of future needs, but haven't then gone to the next step to talk about of having John McPherson pointed out when talking about we have the luxury in this NEPA process plan process underway DALTON: Ä. but .. alternatives, Airport, and master

MR. LEEDS: Have they given you an idea of a

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schedule?

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MR. DALTON: We do have an idea of a schedule, but the short answer is that we will be linking very closely with -- with what they're looking at to make sure that -- that we're working in concert with one another.

MS. BROOKS: Other questions. Yes.

Shaw with National Marine Fisheries Service. My question is the relationship between the Ketchikan 2020 and the NBPA sort of a merger agreement in terms of the resource agency rules.

Are resource agencies going to be involved in this Ketchikan 2020 process or -- or not?

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think of in your -- your role in that process would be your -the way your -- you function in any time a community updates
its -- its plans, so I don't know that there's a formal role
as part of the merger process, but we're -- we're definitely
going to try to -- to tie and link planning alternatives with
-- with crossing alternatives so that they make sense, you
know, from one side of -- from one island to another and in -in terms of -- I would think of your role in -- in Ketchikan
2020 the way you would respond or -- or relate to a local
government in any comprehensive plan update.

we're having the the agencies to give us their comments so that we can fit them coastal management program update, but we could also give that go in. If there are .. let's say there are wetlands issues or same information to the mental health land trust because we're of the agencies together to say all this stuff is going on at bring all time the Forest Service has their Gravina Island project Mark, this is Susan, and I'd we are encouraging into whatever venues they -- they need -- reasonably need to While our process doesn't require the same getting them to work on their land plan for Gravina at the there are habitat issues, that would be covered under our is to just like to say that one of the reasons that planning fair in Ketchikan on the 6th and 7th level of involvement as the NEPA process, DICKINSON: the same time. same

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going on, so even though we don't have an integrated process where we are meeting the same agency criteria, we certainly are gathering and sharing information.

MS. BROOKS: Thank you. Yes, sir.

what those able to sit some things about your purpose, I don't see that written down outlined in this newspaper insert that we got, you mentioned This is Steve Duncan with the that are of Engineers and I'm -- would like to -- I'd like in writing, some of the things that you guys have You have your needs statements sort of an explanation of to have that to be of these things down and look at it as we're going through this. all on in Ketchikan and kind of it would be nice anywhere. Also, this list of MR. DUNCAN: mentioned here. about, Corps have, going are

MS. BROOKS: And then that's specifically the planning fair that we're talking about next week.

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MS. BROOKS: Sure. Absolutely.

MR. DUNCAN: ... I mean that would help, I

in deciding what we want to do at the planning fair.

think,

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MS. BROOKS: Absolutely.

MR. DALTON: And -- and Steve, again, as -- as

I mentioned earlier, we're trying to develop the draft statement of purpose and need, that's a collaboration between

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the project team and the Borough, so as soon as we get something that -- that we dan agree on, it's -- it's going to be made available to the agencies, and then that begins that first 50-day concurrence clock under the -- the merged [indisc.].

MR, DUNCAN: But you don't have just a draft draft that you could get to us prior to this planning fair?

MR. DALTON: I'm hopeful that I'll have something to you prior to the planning fair.

MR. DUNCAN: And as far as the other stuff goes, the list of all of the things that are going on, including your airport expansion ...

MS. BROOKS: Um-hum, um-hum.

MR. DUNCAN: ... and the comprehensive

planning and an explanation of what all of those are.

MS. BROOKS: Yeah.

MR. DALTON; We -- we can get that.

MR. KEEN: It'd be nice to see it on one piece

of paper one day.

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MR. DUNCAN: Yeah.

MS. BROOKS: Yeah.

MR. DALION: We can get that.

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MR. KEEN: Get it going.

MR. DALTON: Good suggestion.

MS. BROOKS: Yeah.

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MR. KEEN: Yeah.

MS. BROOKS: Other questions?

. DALTON: Any questions in Anchorage?

S. SLATONBARKER: Oh, I guess we're all set.

S. BROOKS: Okay, we ...

MR. VAUGHAN; Can I throw in a concern?

MS. BROOKS: Sure.

MR. VAUGHAN: Hi Susan, this is Ken Vaughan,

Over the last few weeks/months, there's a number of large projects going on in the Ketchikan area, ...

MS. BROOKS: Um-hum

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MR. VAUGHAN: ... and I've observed that a lot of people are blurring the edges between them, where one ends, another begins, an overlap between the Shelter Cove Road system, the Southeast Alaska transportation, the ferry expansions, the Metlakatla road, the airport, Gravina Island planning, and it may be really helpful if everybody's very clear and works really hard to make sure that people don't

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MS. BROOKS: Um-hum.

become more confused, ...

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MR. VAUGHAN: ... as all these kind of zipper together and overlap in parts with each other. There's a lot of complexity there.

MS. MARTHALLER: Well, I think -- I think

that's a good point and part -- the Borough has contracted
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with HDR Engineering, and John McPherson is the -- the lead person in our Ketchikan 2020 planning effort and John Hill in the -- the planning department is the planner assigned to that project, and so I hope that John and John, you're hearing this, and that because there's so many different agencies doing things and it does seem to all be coming to a head at once, we will be addressing all of that for sure in our coastal management plan update because that deals with all the transportation issues but also as we go into our comprehensive plan.

MR. DALTON: Okay.

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MS. BROOKS: More questions or comments? Yes.

I have one, this is Jen Garland so to speak, like the timber sale that's coming up will be on it is a little confusing as to what is coordinated when don't assume that they'll all be permitted at the same time, mentioned, a bunch of different things going on, but I -- I at 80 So like you taking place I was just wondering, because there are, as Ken to keep all these things straight, what time and things like that with the Forest Service a different schedule then say, other things. to what is informed as GARLAND: we'll be MS. and how we're going assume that [indisc.]. said,

MR. DALTON: And -- and to that point, this is Mark Dalton, I -- I really encourage as many folks as

52

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possible, agency people, to attend the planning fair in Ketchikan, because I think that's our intent is to make sure that in -- in particular, the public is not confused by all the different processes that are now underway and -- and we're hoping that by having this planning fair, we can actually show that, hey, look at this, different arms of the government can actually work together and -- and, boy, this sort of makes sense. So that's -- that's our intent and -- and we really need everyone's help to pull that off.

this point, this is Susan again, that I had an e-mail this morning from Lisa Holzapfel from the Mental Health Trust Office and she wanted to know what kind of a booth they want - we wanted her to set up or what kind of information might be valuable, and so Mark, I don't know if you want to talk about that at all about if agencies come what they might expect.

MR. DALTON: I -- I think that's a good point, if I could hold that, Susan, for maybe when we get into what's next ...

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MS. DICKINSON, R: Okay.

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MR. DALITON: ... we'll bring that up. At this

MS. BROOKS: At this ...

point,

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MR. DALTON: ... are there any other -- any other questions specific to the Gravina access project?

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MS. BROOKS: We scheduled a break here at this Mg. DICKINSON; I have to leave here in one on, What are the limitations MR. DALTON: Yeah, Susan's what's your or do we want to keep going? Keep going want to go ahead and take that for what's your drop dead date there or time? UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: say, Susan who's at the airport? MS. GARLAND: short, maybe 10 minutes, We Do point.

hour and 20 minutes, I have to go get on my plane.

MR. DALTON: Oh, okay. Okay.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Take five.

MR. DALTON: Why don't we take a five-minute

break, ...

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MS. BROOKS: Okay, five-minute break.

MR. DALFON: ... and then we'll resume with

agency comments.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEÄKER: Five minutes.

[Off Record]

[On Record]

MR. DALTON: Let's bring it back. How we

doing in Ketchikan and Anchorage?

WS. KLUGHERZ: We're all here in Ketchikan,

ready and waiting.

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Okay.

MR. DALTON:

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MS. SLATONBARKER: Anchorage, we have a request, we've got [indisc.] so we wondered if we could -- the agency comments in Anchorage could be picked up, sort of first in line rather than last in line.

MS. BROOKS: That sounds -- that sounds good, Carla. We actually thought we'd start with Susan and Jack, if they had gomments since they're at Sitka and waiting for the airport in Ketchikan respectively, so ...

MR. DALTON: We can do those two and then

go to -- go to Anchorage.

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MS. BROOKS: Then we'll go to Anchorage.

MS. SLATONBARKER: Great, thanks.

MS. GARLAND: Can I just -- this is Jen again, I just wanted to ask a little bit of what you're -- what exactly you're looking for, just the things you've -- you've outlined here or something different?

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outcomes, and we'd really like to know if you have any you know, engineering and environmental approaches We'd also like to everybody -- as we develop study plans as is clear, NEPA scoping has some pretty specific outcomes or information that an agency has that they -- they feel we to this work. We'd like to know if there's us kind -- just so concerns at this point that can help should know to help us do -- do this work. Well, just we need to do in DALTON: 쩑 what .. to -we develop, or desired define τo

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know if there's opportunity for an agency to actually participate with us in -- in developing some of the information, so if we have to go out and generate some raw data, maybe there's -- there's an opportunity for a resource agency to participate in that. So that -- that's really what we're looking for at this point.

MS. GARLAND: So some specifics, maybe, if we

have them.

MR. DALTON: As -- as many specifics at this point as possible, yes. So, with that ...

MS. BROOKS: With that, Jack.

MR. SHAY: Yes, I -- I have received a communication from Lew Williams, the famous former publisher of the Ketchikan Daily News, it's addressed to his Honor, Mayor Jack Shay until Tom [Indisc.] takes over.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Please.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No commentaries.

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MR. SHAY: And he -- he sent some pictures, he said you may have seen this in your travels, it's the bridge from San Diego to Coronado across San Diego Bay, it's high enough for aircraft carriers to go under, I went under it in August at a World War II Army reunion and these tall piers are manufactured elsewhere and floated into place and sunk and anchored. If you -- you'd like to see these in case you don't have that down there already, I'd be glad to give the -- the

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-- that the next one enterprise and then of course the bridge probably is -- is the and associated [indisc.] there some political of tunnel, either the type of tunnel well as aerial navigation. At any rate, I think we -- we can I -- I think that -- that we're photos to Ms. Klugherz. And to be more specific, however, I open, I'm -- I'm encouraged by participation of the agencies . increased operation of ferrys probably has the least overall - of course the -- the continued operation of ferrys or the My mind is still [indisc.] and so environmental impact, perhaps, looking at the mission as a involved in this and also it becomes a hazard to marine as as was problems with that as you're well aware, but I don't think they're insurmountable. But anyway, I'd like to hear from suspended from the bottom and sort of laid on the bottom, most serious environmental impact that presents the most where it is -- where it is serious impact because of -- because of the approaches extremely long that someone has probably already looked at the, пo and the fact that we're going to work together that access with some kind of continue to look at all the alternatives. And then I'm thinking that which would make it extremely long -we discussed before where -integrating all these plans. Susan Dickinson, our planner. some -- some type to Gravina part of that. out, pointed may be forth

MS. DICKINSON: I think that you covered it

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now is that the Borough now has ownership of its land 80 actually going to have title to the land, so we'd like to see generate revenue either through sale or through development biggest differences between the last time that we looked at particular type of crossing, we just know that the Borough Revilla gide. There are developable lands that the Mental and the Mental Health Trust lawsuit has been settled and really well, Jack. We're not trying to advocate for any And I think that one of the considerably flatter than the lands that we have on the Health Trust owns and they're looking to increase their benefits to their beneficiaries so if those lands could go for there's no more ambiguity about whether the Borough is owns large tracts of land on Gravina Island that are all reasonable alternatives discussed and we'll they're interested in that. this and best one

MR. SHAY: Thanks, Sue.

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MS. BROOKS: Thank you, Susan. Moving on to Anchorage.

MR. GOWARD: Clarence Goward with -- with the FAA Traffic Division, often and I think most of our concern deals with the -- the bridge alternative and primarily because -- for two reasons actually, one is because between the islands there is a heavily used VFR corridor that's used by a lot of float plane operators and -- and vFR aircraft

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-28-

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it's hard to determine the -- exactly the impact until we have the instrument approaches going into Ketchikan would likely be and -- that fly at low levels through there, oftentimes below So it would the answers to those questions, but the minimum would likely effected depending upon where and how high the bridges are, those are -- are our primary concerns and flight standards would need to be involved in that -- they would be heavily situations may not be able to get into -- into Ketchikan. involved in the VFR operations and could probably better meaning that aircraft inbound during low weather operation down. 500 feet and so a bridge would have a significant address the impact as well as the imposed minimum -- that it would likely shut that dn ob

condern, now a sudden if there is a connection between the two, what Н currently, most of the parking is -- and And I guess on the airport side, on the other side and if that access is opened up, you know, kind of impact will it have on the land side development S what kind of impact will that have on the airport, have addressed that to the master plan consultants. a primary this is Jim Lomen with FAA, we just had LOMEN: the airport and, you know, ₩. of all

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MR. DALTON: Okay. MS. BROOKS: Thank you. Any other comments in

Anchorage?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I think that's it. Alaska Business Exchange

MS. BROOKS: All right, let's move on to Ketchikan.

MS. DICKINSON: I'm asking if anybody here has agency comments. Susan does, just a moment.

This is Susan Marthaller with sale in that area and alternatives including access from the airport and if that would be a possibility too about the access into the area and how that would fit in with we, re the Ketchikan Ranger District, I'm the planner there for the we're thinking for recreational access into other parts of the island. concerns are, having roads or not having roads and we're And the Forest Service MS. MARTHALLER: a timber project. planning Gravina

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MS. BROOKS: Okay, any other comments?

MR. DALTON: Susan, what's the timing on the

timber sale?

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MS. MARTHALLER: We're hoping to go out with a draft in January.

MR. DALTON: Draft on the environmental

document?

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MS. MARTHALLER: Yes.

MR. DALTON: Okay.

MS. DICKINSON: I think that's all for

Ketchikan.

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MR. DALTON: Okay, and I should probably add that, this is Mark Dalton, that I had met in Ketchikan with

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covered, and we'll provide you a copy of my notes from that -- and resource both Steve Brockman [ph] and Jack Gustafson and we spent a concerns, so Jack I think a lot of that has already been couple hours together discussing issues and meeting

The alternative might be for Okay, thanks [indisc.] you know more about that than I do. MR. GUSTAFSON: [indisc.]

Okay. Yeah. DALTON: MR. Let's start here, Thank you. BROOKS; . ΣΕ

we're

MS. SLATONBARKER; [Indisc.] something, we're fading out troubles when people are speaking. having some

MS, BROOKS: We'll do what we can to speak

does that help? Carla, louder, That's much better, thanks. SLATONBARKER: MS.

BROOKS: Okay. Where do we want to start MB.

Who is -- DEC [indisc,]. here?

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specific excnse type of of crossing that we have aren't as Sure, I'm Carl Schrader, including streams, lakes, wetlands, shoreline and that resources Gravina type me, Department of Environmental Conservation and what o£ on aquatic probably from my agency's point of view, as the ultimate issue of the development what that impact is likely to be SCHRADER: details of the flavor ₩.

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impacts that would be these alternatives, potential alternatives for the bridge and Guard issue. And so until the -- until we actually get into Probably, just looking at it right now, the secondary and cumulative impacts because it does open up Engineers would not be permitting the bridge; that's a Coast then we see a road system in there too, and are we doing the I'm -- I'm hoping to be involved on vast area over there and I guess, too, I'm not really clear, approaches or -- then the Corps of Engineers would actually associated not with the bridge development itself, but with To provide access to the airport. system in -- at the same time we're doing the bridge? and how are we going to assure that proper environmental thing, I guess you could call it more of the cumulative DUNCAN: A lot of you probably know in looking at the photo and everything here, we see all but that's really what we're talking about is of Engineers. -- the bridge itself is a -- the Corps of design phase that would -- if there were going to be safeguards are in place to protect those resources. Corps host of MS. BROOKS: Okay. main concerns are the MR. KEEN: get actively involved. as we go along. ₩. anyway, the impacts, road

tremendous amount of land that would potentially be developed

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of the orange

what that means, I mean are we going to -- all

MR. DUNCAN:

Okay, well, I don't really know

-32-

dashed lines that we're seeing on here right now, if -whatever alternative is chosen, are we essentially talking
about that entire system of orange dashed lines that are on
there and that's going to be addressed with -- okay, so then
we ...

MR. DALTON: That's correct.

MR. DUNCAN: ... would have involvement with. those because I'm sure there are -- are Corps of Engineers

jurisdictional areas that ...

MR. DALTON: Sure.

MR. DUNCAN: Okay.

MS. DICKINSON: This is Susan, I don't have benefit of the orange dashed lines, so are we going get a copy of that map?

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have a copy with her in -- in Ketchikan and you can -- you can the intent of the map is not to show potential crossing -- these were gleaned from the previous studies starting as with the '94 draft BIS and that's -- that's the intent here is potential locations or types of crossings identified, so this Mary does locations that -- that have been considered. At this point, that locations; it's to show previous crossing concepts or -- or early as the late '70s into the '80s and then most recently we do not, as part of the Gravina Access Project, have any maybe we should clarify actually Susan, Yeah, And I think, DALTON: 뜢. view that there. the 13

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-34-

just to show people what was considered previously. We will be starting over, essentially with -- with the work we're doing.

MS. BROOKS: Okay, is that clear? Anything else? Any comments from your involvement previously [indisc.]?

or questions that would help us had to make that sort of a determination, I would like to have [indisc.] culvert, I mean are they -- are they a causeway or a I'd also like I£ I ground down patterns and current patterns. If an alternative bridge goes affected, both down [indisc.] on both sides. Will the bridge supports in, whether its above or below the surface, I'd like to have tunnel, will that have some major changes on the shorelines? Well, basically, I think you're areas. some idea how the land and the water areas are going to be a bridge, how would it be, would it be like ΪĮ I'd like have some information about the prevailing wind ones would be the most appropriate. So I'd like to have a little bit more information about some information about the bathymetry of the channel. alternatives the is there a nice solid silt, of thing. οţ of some is it all currents, that sort geology this -or asking if we have any concerns there to attach your pilings, is there like --LEEDS: about the or not determining whether available and which weather patterns, something -- for there to know for the

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would it be? And again, I'd like to have the geology along the shoreline, I'd like to be able to look for a high point, maybe, on which to [indisc.] this bridge. The higher we are on one side would be even easier to get across. That sort of information.

Primarily we'll be approving the minimal clearance, both where Comments that we've already given, I don't want to to life other than provided three pages of concerns or issues that we would like Coast Guard. extensively working with our marine safety detachment down in Yeah, Jim Helfinstine with been working to have looked at, having been involved in similar proposals in the Ketchikan area in the past. Our regulatory authority alternatives that were -- I don't think Ketchikan and they developed a Tongass Narrows navigational -- or the consultant and we recently will be basically approving the plans and the location. they the vertical/horizontal openings of any type of bridge have been a few of them, but we're currently gathering Thank you. We have already because they're but we or haven't been brought we don't have to to make comments to past, Great. HELFINSTINE: Guard District. go through them at this point, that we've had in the MS. BROOKS: point, this we haven't seen yet with the applicant At it's appropriate the 17th Coast information. structure. ones quite the

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It was a project that started out with a simple problems that they may -- that -- that occurred as a result of and they had a lot of players and there was a lot of confusion and a lot of agreements formulated, tied to one another and it Just -- I thought I'd -- a project that was done dealing with the Kenai River acquiring additional navigational information that we will plan, and we're still actively involved in developing as well have to say and whatever I provide will be in writing and not Basically that's all I combining a different planning initiatives and a lot of different issues trying to join too many things that were very highly complex will speculations. At this point it's -- you know, there's a Funny River project, and I just thought I'd like to But I do have a comment to make, having been involved in a -- I won't say a similar project, of of different -became -- bottom line, it's been going on for, what, eight bridge project and it became a very large thing because that came about and just as a -- as a -- so if somebody look at this, they might want to check into some of the experience, so somebody might want to take a look that. throw that out, just my own personal and professional Thank you, that's a ... going with a lot years, nine years, something like that. where this appears that this might be of different comprehensive plans, provide to the applicant/consultant. MS. BROOKS: of material out here. throw it out. Bridge, lot

-36-

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-38-

we appreciate that. Resources, any for a lot of MR. HELFINSTINE: And that's not being so we do And -- there has a potential Department of Natural ha. Well, I ha, positive or negative, just a point. in Alaska, BROOKS: comments at this time? to deal with. Nothing's political Š. realize that there issues

WR. ANDERSON: I guess for our department, it won't become really -- our involvement won't become until we actually get some alternatives identified. I don't think we have much input on formulating alternatives at this time.

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MR. KEEN: Any resource concerns [indisc.]?

MR. ANDERSON: [Indisc.] aware of

MS. GARLAND: [Indiso.]?

MR. ANDERSON: It's a -- it's a mixture of state and patented tidelands, and then there's some interagency land management [indisc.] DOT, so [indisc.] tidelands; there's some leased tidelands, those types of things. [indisc.].

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MR. DALTON: Jim, one -- one of the -- this is Mark Dalton, one of the issues that -- that we're trying to get a handle on -- or elements of work is accurate land status information.

and I think I had some questions on it, so I'll look into
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Yeah, I was looking at your map

MR. ANDERSON:

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MR. DAL/TON: We appreciate your help.

that.

MR. KEEN: And you'll be the point of contact

MR. ANDERSON: Yeah [indisc.].

[indisc.].

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MR. KEEN: Okay. Thank you.

MS. BROOKS: Thank you very much. National

Marine Figheries.

habitat requirements of the Magnuson Act, and it'd probably be MS. SHAW: Yeah, this is Linda Shaw with NMFS, exactly what we're talking about here, I'm not sure if that is to NMFS. You'll want to cover your bases with essential fish best if someone contacted me separate from this meeting and I Also, you might want to consider and Jack so I'll just add a few items that would be peculiar habitats and can also enlighten you on geology maybe so there sounds like you covered resource concerns already with Steve finally, I'll just mention that since you did ask about what potential help there might for studies. We do have Auke Bay Lab scientists who are doing ROB work, looking at underwater is a possibility there, potential, I mean depending on their you know, without the benefit of knowing and noise from construction activities, schedules and your needs and all that kind of stuff. an issue, but it's one you might think about too. to you about that. although again, mammale can talk marine

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I will

get you a copy of the meeting notes that I took

-- this is Mark

And Linda, what That's great.

BROOKS: MR. DALTON:

Yeah

MS. BROOKS:

MS. MARTHALLER:

and I just was This is Susan,

noticing in your list of -- of issues that we're part of the and on the -- issues identified to date,

this

materials for

it says that air quality and noise had not been second page,

wondering where those concerns came from, were they, from the identified as an issue in previous projects, and I was

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standpoint of effect on marine mammals or eagle habitat or

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-- where'd those come from, Mark?

scoping document that came out of the 1994 draft BIS and noise we went back and looked at agency comments, the MR. DALTON: Sugan, what we did -- this is Mark Dalton,

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it was just noise and and air quality were both raised as issues in general, specific to impacts to marine mammals,

an issue, depending on the alternative quality may be air

that's selected and that's

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Is that related to MS, MARTHALLER: to once the access would be in place? οĭ construction

-- I think it's actually I think wasn't specific. MR. DALTON: but it both,

Thanks Okay. MS. MARTHALLER;

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MS. BROOKS: Okay, moving around the table,

Governmental Coordination.

Division of

in 60 AAC 80. We will be down there next week; Julie Penn and earlier, my agency will have primary interest in coastal zone section 9 and the management program implementation of the standards contained this This Jen, and like I said project will be somewhat limited until there's actually I -- I think that our involvement in -- in will be down there next week for the planning fair. Julie's handling the coastal planning side of DGC for -- in made for AS. GARLAND: applications Ketchikan.

That looks like it's quite a questions for me about the program or anything, I will be down So -- as sure we would initiate a review for consistency with the the participants in the coastal district of Ketchikan, gather other permits that project may need, at which time, we would DOT saying -- or you guys and distribute it to the state and participate in the scoping efforts, get the information from comments for them -- from them and then issue a single state So if anybody has there next week, and I think it's a good idea to have a position as we like to do with NEPA scoping efforts. ways away, so we -- one other thing that we do is we well as with the consistency [indisc.]. coastal zone management program. designs out and make

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-41-

and encourage public to join in whenever possible, so the more

planning fair to get some early public involvement.

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MR. VAUGHAN: I'll pass. I think the district this FHA -- this isn't an FHA project, or is it break, Jim Bryson joined us from Federal Highways, is it? a another Okay. And while we were on Thank you. That leads us people have spoken to the timber sale, that's the only Any more comments? MS. GARLAND: Wait, sorry, backing up national forest land in the project area [indisc.]. Sorry to put you on the spot next. Any comments? UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: [Indisc.]. Is this -- I have No Comments. Okay Okay. Okay. oh. MS. GARLAND: MS. BROOKS: MR. BRYSON: GARLAND: BROOKS: MS. BROOKS: MS. BROOKS: Š. that's all I have Forest Service 1.8 [indisc.]? question,

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Federal -- Federal Highways is I guess at that point, any MR. DALTON: BROOKS: the lead federal agency.

so,

to

information they have, the better it'll be for everybody.

general comments? Any additional comments?

this Jack Shay again. At one consideration of the creation of local jobs, and -- and I was hope that that does remain one of the .. one of the items of told and I -- I got sort of a semi-answer that that, indeed, upon the -- upon the area being considered, and I sincerely does figure in -- in the consideration of economic impacts of the previous meetings, I asked about the -- about the SHAY: Yeah, consideration

we appreciate that comment. Thank you. Good, BROOKS: DALTON: MS. Ж.

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Darcy. Yes. BROOKS: MS.

We presented this bibliography so you'd know what we know to date and anything over the bibliography and to note other This is Darcy Richards. sources of information and to let us know. that you can add would be much appreciated. RICHARDS: want people to look MS.

We did have an overrun of those which will be available at the - from the public side, the notification for the meeting, the And just to let folks know, the tabloid insert went in the Ketchikan Daily News on Saturday. planning fair next week, and we will be sending every MS. BROOKS:

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MR. DALTON: Well, DOT -- DOT's the [indisc.].

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MR. KEEN:

applicant in that case?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: DOT's the applicant.

MS. BROOKS: DOT.

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minute, so it is a federal highway project, they would be the

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household in Ketchikan a postcard reminder to let them know about the meeting, so we think with the wide distribution, we should have good interest and participation. And with that, Mark do you want to talk about what's next?

. until there's some alternatives identified for more specific been hearing are a lot of general comments with deferring to Has -- has the project team established any kind of -- I have a question, Mark, keeping agencies informed and what I've been question for the project schedule for keeping agencies informed or status meetings, monthly status meetings or -- or what have you? Ballard, question --BALLARD: tto --B111 턍 issues. this team

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we get where people would The intent is that we'll be able to sit down with agencies and others face-to-face and talk about work probably rotate between to initiate that, talk about issues, talk about the studies that are underway. MR. DALTON: Well, a couple things, one, we That's -- that's a technique that we've used previously and and plan to bring to this project. I don't, though, have a Dalton, by the way, a project development team and once products as they are -- they're developed, talked about are planning to establish what's called -- this is Mark be able to access the meetings via meetings ме рјап teleconference and the meetings will be at least monthly of the formal scoping process, Juneau and Ketchikan. that would be invited and out and

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The other -- the other side of that and and I think -- I appreciate the -- the question, because we team, but also agencies. We're going to actually establish it and it's on the back of available and if somebody could help me with the address, but specific schedule built and we will try and get that out to progress, and we'll be sharing more information with you on are also trying to develop a project web site for this and we're is actually people to -- to find out important dates to provide e-mail comments at provide and to gain access to the project and the project so that agencies can get access to drafts of documents in And that's going to be a place for access to the project team and -- and we hope to use that οĘ that web site is -- is most important for the public to pretty aggressively on this project. And that's kind We're -a shell Any other questions or how that's going to work as we develop it. project web site, as I understand, I believe it's www.gravina-access.com, two-part answer there. newspaper insert. the agencies shortly. this point? the the

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MS. GARLAND: When are you going to speak about what -- what you were hoping agencies would bring to the planning fair?

MR. DALTON: Yeah. Yeah. In the last sheet in your packet says what's next and we talked about the -- the public scoping and planning fair in Ketchikan. That's October

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13 15 16 16 17 17 19 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes.

MS. MARTHALLER: Unfortunately.

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MR. DALTON: Pardon me?

MS. MARTHALLER: I said unfortunately, it's

[indigc.].

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John Leeds, you brought of engineering studies in we're anticipating the need aviation issues memo, I believe both Jim and -- and others at environmental work that -- that we anticipate. Again, we hope we talked with Jack We need to do a little bit more review, for example, the navigation issues memo I want to share with the Oh no, this is -- this is good. engineering and current info, geology, those are the kinds of things that we need input now as part of formal scoping to help us identify -- what our work plans -- what our work program is, as So those are -- those give --Those things are memorandum as well up some questions about bathymetry and meteorological data, to the typing information to figure out, well, is this a suitable of doing some eel grass surveys; essential fish habitat is and shortly we'll be sharing with you The doing some to have a draft purpose and need statement out prior Coast Guard and allow them to have an opportunity. I just have to pinch myself and realize that it's There's also the that givem you an idea of the -- the range of Gustafson and -- and Steve Brockman about project area, an aviation issues technical memorandum. copies of a navigation issues technical also have a number FAA have had a chance to review that. under environmental studies, location for a crossing or not. another issue that's come up. MR. DALTON: to identify wetlands in the We that are underway, draft form now. September 27th. well,

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-47-

-46-

coordinating the State's formal scoping [indisc.] and can you MR. GUSTAFSON: I had question, this is Jack at Ketchikan, I was wondering if DEC is going to be tell when they're going to begin that?

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-- and copy week and, I don't know, I guess maybe not in this case, since packet mailed out and everything, it's already well into next Ideally, we would have more time and I could MS. GARLAND: Well, it's a bit late to start don't I mean, I guess we could, but by the time we got the it's -- the deadline is so close, so I guess I'd recommend the think it's going to work in this case, we've got until do this and then we'll be more coordinated on it but that agencies individually send in their stuff and to meet the deadline, Jack. DGC if you can. 13th MOL

because we really

MS. MARTHALLER: And -- and this is Susan, and could take scoping comments at the planning fair, wouldn't methods for people to give comments at the planning fair and I guess what I would say is that there'll be a number of you say, Mark? S E

public scoping comments at the planning fair, yes. And -- and Al Steininger, the DOT project manager, they should be I should clarify that -- that agency scoping comments should MR. DALTON: We definitely intend to take comments or ... Any other addressed to Al. come to

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Any

really

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ιď have or was going You didn't address what sort of setup you were -- you wanted us to the planning fair. DUNCAN: be available for us at layout or to

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intent is to have tables set up around the room that -- that's a good Alaska Business Exchange 326 4th Street, Suite B. JUNBAU, ALASKA 99801 (907) 586-6846 Thanks, DALTON: The question.

wetlands planning component of Ketchikan 2020, I think there's know, Steve, you having just been there, you know sort of what that -- that identifies your -- your agency and then it's up to you as to what materials you want to bring, what -- what would hope that -- that if there's information that you and and each agency, we're going to make you up a little banner I -- I think, you So each agency that comes going to be questions about that and -- and what is this a booth or -- or a table and an opportunity to .. what kinds of information the public might ask for. RPA can bring to perhaps the same table because of the on. planning process that the Borough is embarking information you feel would be relevant. provide information from that table. of information. that's the kind have will

MR. DUNCAN: And the size that we're thinking, in general about?

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MS. BROOKS; [Indisc.].

MR. DUNCAN: I mean, the reason I'm asking this is because we have a couple of different displays that sometimes we've used at the state fair and things like that, and so and I want -- I don't want to bring something down there and not be able to use it, I don't want to have to trucge it all the way down there and not be able to use it or [indisc.].

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MS. BROOKS: Yeah, I believe they're standard

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or take. fair is really an open house. It's intended that people can And -- and that is -- planning Which are approximately So maybe six -- gix foot long. drop in and ask questions of not only the Gravina Access Yeah, four by six, give Okay, great. Yeah. Okay. Yeah. DALTON: DUNCAN; DUNCAN: DALTON: BROOKS; MR. DUNCAN: BROOKS: tables like this, yeah. ₩. MR. MR. MS. ₩. MS. foot -- gix six by

Project team, but folks involved with Ketchikan 2020 and these

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we project

then we --

other projects, so it's informal and then

more formal presentation starting at

-- I think many of

think

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[Indisc.].

HITT:

DALTON: Hello?

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p.m.

MR. HILL: Hi, this is John Hill in Ketchikan. Mark, something that might come up as the agencies are holding their open -- hold their open house in -- in this booth format, because I can imagine the scenario where individual members of the public would be approaching these agencies and stating their concerns about the project, either the access project or about the different planning projects going on here, and, again, stating those concerns directly to agency --

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-52-

agency personnel. Is this something that they should be prepared for or do we want to try and redirect these public comments at the evening session?

MR. KEEN: Well, I think -- it's a good comment John. I think it'll be important that the agencies get comments or concerns expressed by the public or even perhaps other agencies, one is that they need to be directed specifically to the Gravina Access Project, to the team members that will be there and present at both open houses in the afternoon as well as in the evening and that to encourage them to make comments directly to the team or to hold their comments until the question-answer period following the presentation.

MS. BROOKS: Yeah, and this is -- this is Anne and I'll just add in, we -- you know, that may not work perfectly and one of the reasons for our debrief the next day is, I think we'll summarize what we heard, and so if we missed anything, I'm sure everyone will share, you know what -- what additional comment that they heard.

When we talked earlier, I thought that there was going to be some sort of a public comment form that people could pick up and write their comments down and maybe we could plan to have some of those at every table so that if this is the right agency that they're speaking too, maybe they won't have time

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to participate later, that they -- their comment won't be lost.

MR. DALTON: Yes, good point and we do have a comment form prepared, and -- and we'll provide every agency a batch of those.

MS. MARTHALLER: And then just speaking on the debriefing, what we will do is get everybody a copy of all the comments and then that way, depending upon what your agency's focus is, you'll know what the public is saying.

questions? It's -- it's awfully quiet. Well, hearing none, I want to thank everybody for attending today. This has been real helpful to us and we look forward to getting your comments and -- and working closely with you on this project. We know the Borough's excited about it and -- and we're excited too to work with them. Anything else?

MR. SHAY: Keep up the good work.
MR. DALTON: Thanks much, take care.

[Off Record]

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RTIFICATE

STATE OF ALASKA FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT

88

I, MARY FIORBLLA, a Notary Public, duly commissioned and qualified in and for the State of Alaska, do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript of the Gravina Access Project Agency Scoping Meeting held on September 27, 1999, was recorded by persons unknown to me and reduced to typewriting by me or someone under my direction.

I further certify that the transcript consisting of pages 1 to 53, both inclusive, is a full, true and correct transcript of the except requested.

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I further certify that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties, nor financially interested in the action.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my notarial seal this 22nd day of October, 1999.

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MR. DALTON: That's good. Any other comments, questions? It's -- it's awfully quiet. Well, hearing none, I want to thank everybody for attending today. This has been real helpful to us and we look forward to getting your comments and -- and working closely with you on this project. We know the Borough's excited about it and -- and we're excited too to work with them. Anything else?

MR. SHAY: Keep up the good work.

MR. DALTON: Thanks much, take care.

[Off Record]

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CERTIFICATE

. 03 FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT STATE OF ALASKA

I, MARY FIORELLA, a Notary Public, duly commissioned and recorded by persons unknown to me and reduced to typewriting qualified in and for the State of Alaska, do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript of the Gravina Access Project Agency Scoping Meeting held on September 27, 1999, was by me or someone under my direction. I further certify that the transcript consisting of pages 1 to 53, both inclusive, is a full, true and correct transcript of the excerpt requested. I further certify that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties, nor financially interested in the action.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my notarial seal this 22nd day of October, 1999.

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Agency Scoping Comments



Public scoping comments were received from the following agencies:

Federal Agencies

Army Corps of Engineers EPA – Seattle FAA NMFS US Coast Guard USFWS USFS

State Agencies

Fish & Game

DNR - Alaska Mental Health Trust Land Office

DNR - Division of Mining Land and Water (telephone contact)

DNR – Office of History and Archeology (telephone contact)

Local Government

Ketchikan Gateway Borough



Summary of Agency Scoping Comments

Federal Agencies

Federal Aviation Administration

- 1. A bridge has the potential to significantly impact navigable airspace.
- 2. The Revilla Corridor (from East Island to Pennock Island at or below 400 feet msl) is heavily used for floatplane and other operators flying under visual flight rules.
- 3. With enhanced technology and pilot training current approach minima could be lowered in the future but a bridge, depending on its location, may interfere with that.

National Marine Fisheries Service

- 1. Concerned about impacts to living marine resources including anadromous fish, marine fish and invertebrates and marine mammals.
- 2. The Service favors alternatives and designs that minimize direct, indirect and cumulative impacts.
- 3. Summary of specific resource issues was provided.
- 4. The Service suggested that additional studies might be necessary to determine impacts of noise to marine mammals and juvenile salmonids and spawning herring.
- 5. It may be necessary to satisfy consultation requirements of the Endangered Species Act.
- 6. Essential fish habitat (EFH) requirements of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act should be addressed in NEPA document.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Regulatory Branch

- 1. Likely need for Section 10 and Section 404 permits.
- 2. Compensatory mitigation should be considered early in project planning.
- 3. Further information needs identified:
 - jurisdictional wetlands determinations;
 - identification of direct and indirect impacts from airport expansion, new roads, industrial, residential and other development;
 - bathymetry, currents, wind and weather patterns for each crossing alternative; information concerning aquatic and other natural resources;
 - dive surveys;
 - tidal data.
- 4. Other issues needing to be addressed include:
 - long term maintenance;
 - storm water;
 - purpose and need for the project;
 - public support for the project;
 - and identification of "appropriate" commercial/industrial development on Gravina.

The Corps reiterated that the permit process will evaluate practicable alternatives.

U.S. Coast Guard

- 1. Requested that the draft EIS include a separate section on navigational impacts.
- 2. Provided navigation data prepared by the Marine Safety Detachment in Ketchikan.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

- 1. Purpose and need statement should be concise, easily understandable, and consistent with NEPA with supporting pertinent background information presented in separate section.
- 2. Fully describe the various planning efforts being undertaken with the Gravina Access Project and their relationship to the access project.
- 3. Analyze the potential indirect and cumulative environmental impacts associated with the access project itself and those associated with subsequent development on Gravina, (and potentially Pennock and Revilla Islands)
- 4. Include identification of wetlands types, acreage, and locations, and an assessment of wetland functions and values.
- 5. Freshwater sources should be evaluated for availability/type and quantity.
- 6. Effects of development on the hydrologic systems on Gravina and their relationships to water quality and fish habitat should be evaluated.
- 7. Analysis of impacts to water quality and fish habitat from storm water, wastewater and sewage associated with development should be evaluated.
- 8. Clarify that funding is secure only for environmental process and design.

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

- 1. Concern about cumulative and secondary impacts to fish/wildlife resources and habitats.
- 2. Development should be directed away from the most productive and sensitive habitats. Roads should be sited away from the shoreline and obvious beach fringe.
- 3. The Service with its dive program can assist with siting of facilities.

U.S. Forest Service - Ketchikan Ranger District

- 1. How would a hard link tie into the Forest Service road system?
- 2. How would the road system be affected by increased public access to Gravina?
- 3. Need for development of recreational sites and trails based on increased access?
- 4. Wants to ensure that its plans for federal lands are compatible with other Gravina landowners.

State Agencies

Alaska Department of Fish and Game

- 1. Effects of the project on fish and wildlife species, their habitats and the public uses of fish and wildlife.
- 2. The study should consider direct impacts and secondary and cumulative effects.
- 3. Field surveys should be conducted for wetlands, uplands, intertidal and sub-tidal habitats and sensitive species of plants, animals or habitats; esp. Alaska worm salamander.
- 4. The NEPA document should provide an analysis of the cumulative effects of linking Ketchikan to an interconnected road system accessing most of Gravina Island.

5. Methods to avoid impacts should be sought, mitigation described and evaluated and monitoring developed and implemented to ensure the project is properly constructed and provides measures necessary for the protection of water quality and fish and wildlife resources and habitats.

Department of Natural Resources - Alaska Mental Health Trust Land Office

- 1. The Trust supports a hard link which accesses not only the airport but Ketchikan Gateway Borough lands and Trust lands beyond the airport.
- 2. Development of infrastructure on Gravina would enhance undeveloped Trust lands.

Department of Natural Resources - Office of History and Archeology

- 1. Historic/cultural sites (Native burial sites) on Pennock Island.
- 2. Construction in this area would not be well received by local Native residents.
- 3. Native entities which should be contacted include the IRA Councils (Ketchikan Indian Corporation and Village of Saxman IRA Council) and Cape Fox Corporation.

Local Government

Ketchikan Gateway Borough

- 1. Concurrent comprehensive planning effort requires close coordination with the GAP.
- 2. Information needs:
 - an updated land use inventory for Gravina and Revillagigedo Islands,
 - updated Borough-wide base maps,
 - system for data retrieval,
 - maintenance and analysis of mapped information,
 - and a contemporary set of scalable, digital aerial photography compatible with the digital mapping system.

Dalton, Mark, 05:52 PM 10/27/99, FW: [Fwd: Gravina access]

From: "Dalton, Mark" <mdalton@hdrinc.com> To: "Held, Debbie" <dheld@carsondorn.com>

Subject: FW: [Fwd: Gravina access] Date: Wed, 27 Oct 1999 17:52:10 -0500

X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2448.0)

Please print out the attachment.

Thanks

----Original Message----

From: Al Steininger [mailto:Al_Steininger@dot.state.ak.us]

Sent: Tuesday, October 26, 1999 11:30 AM

To: Dalton, Mark

Subject: [Fwd: Gravina access]

Message-ID: <6CEA1754C92DD311B7EE08002BB233FE213157@POAMAIL01>

From: "Duncan, Charlie S POA02" < Charlie.S. Duncan@poa02.usace.army.mil>

To: "'al_steininger@dot.state.ak.us' " <al_steininger@dot.state.ak.us>

Cc: "Dalton, Mark" <mdalton@hdrinc.com>

Subject: Gravina access

Date: Mon, 25 Oct 1999 14:55:43 -0500

MIME-Version: 1.0

X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2448.0)

Content-Type: text/plain; charset="ISO-8859-1"

These comments are submitted as requested in response to September and October 1999, scopping for the proposed Gravina access project.

Based on information provided, the proximity of the project to Tongass Narrows and knowledge of Gravina Island, Ketchikan and other subject areas, it appears that activities discussed, could impact wetlands and other waters subject to Corps of Engineers regulatory jurisdiction.

The proposed project was evaluated pursuant to Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors act of 1899. Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 requires that a DA permit be obtained for certain structures or work in or affecting navigable waters of the United States (U.S.), prior to conducting the work (33 U.S.C. 403). Section 404 of the Clean Water Act requires that a DA permit be obtained for the placement or discharge of dredged and/or fill material into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, prior to conducting the work (33 U.S.C. 1344).

For regulatory purposes, the Corps of Engineers defines wetlands as those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Navigable waters of the U.S. are those waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide shoreward to the mean high water mark, and/or other waters identified as navigable by the Alaska District.

Please be advised that land clearing operations involving vegetation removal with mechanized equipment such as front-end loaders, backhoes, or bulldozers with sheer blades, rakes, or discs in wetlands; or windrowing of vegetation, land leveling or other soil disturbances are considered placement of fill material under our jurisdiction.

The following comments are offered both as they relate specifically to the DA permitting process and as general comments on issues that may need to be addressed:

What is the purpose and need for the project? What will the proposed "Hard-link" really do for Ketchikan?

- 2. Accurate identification of property owners and property boundaries.
- 3. How and when do you plan to identify potential alternatives?
- 4. The DA 404 permitting process requires that project planning is sequenced to avoid impacts to the aquatic ecosystem wherever possible, minimize all impacts to aquatic ecosystems, and that compensatory mitigation be accomplished for certain unavoidable impacts. It is likely that a project of this magnitude will require compensatory mitigation. Although compensatory mitigation cannot be used to alter or bypass the avoidance and minimization requirements, you may wish to consider mitigation opportunities during the projects early planning stages as it may save time later when time is at more of a premium.
- 5. NWI maps alone are not adequate for project specific wetlands identification purposes. Jurisdictional determinations for DA permits must be conducted in accordance with the COE 1987 Wetlands Delineation Manual.
- 6. Identify and address direct and indirect, concurrent and future impacts, such as airport expansion, new roads, industrial, residential and other development, and how these impacts will occur and be offset when necessary.
- 7. Information needs to be provided concerning, bathymetry, currents, wind and weather patterns for the area in general and site specific for all alternative crossings as well as approaches and roads being constructed or proposed.
- 8. Up to date, accurate, quantitative and qualitative information needs to be provided concerning aquatic and other natural resources, including freshwater and marine habitat types, vegetation, and animals. Information should be provided for the area as a whole and site specific for all alternative crossings as well as approaches and roads being constructed or proposed. Dive surveys would be appropriate for marine areas.
- 9. Address the issue of maintenance after construction, including the associated impacts of maintenance.
- 10. How will stormwater issues be identified and addressed?
- 11. Your Project Development Plan, Newsletter and other distributed information indicates broad local support for the proposed link. This was not apparent from the information provided and the meetings attended. How much of the community really supports the project and how do you know this?
- 12. What are the "appropriate" commercial and industrial developments mentioned in your previous communications that the link would allow to occur on Gravina Island?
- 13. Provide a summary of each of the previous studies, EIS's, etc.
- 14. Provide current, updated tidal data, including Mean High Water and High Tide elevations.
- 15. Could the resources that are and would be expended for a hard link, including the associated studies, be better utilized and pay greater dividends to the community if expended on other local needs and projects? Are there more appropriate options, given the nature & character of the community as well as the existing resources, including local talents, abilities, expertise, existing industries, facilities, etc.?

Impacts to waters of the U.S. should be a major consideration during your review of alternatives with regard to those project components which would require authorization under Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 or Section 404 of the Clean Water Act authorization. For wetland development proposals requiring Corps authorization, Corps permits are

available only for projects which clearly demonstrate compliance with the Clean Water Act Section 404(b)(1) guidelines, which state that no discharge of dredged or fill material shall be permitted if there is a practicable alternative to the proposed discharge which would have less adverse impact on the aquatic ecosystem, as long as the alternative does not have other significant adverse environmental consequences. In those cases where a non water-dependent activity associated with a discharge is proposed for a "special aquatic site", such as wetlands, practicable alternatives are presumed to exist unless clearly demonstrated otherwise. An alternative is considered practicable if it is available and capable of being accomplished after taking into consideration costs, existing technology and logistics in light of overall project purpose.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide comments on this project. We are available for further discussion or clarification of our comments, as necessary. Please contact me by letter at U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Regulatory Branch, PO Box 898, Anchorage, AK 99506; via e-mail or by telephone at (907) 753-2720, toll free in Alaska at (800) 478-2712, if you have any questions concerning our requirements.

Steve Duncan

Dalton, Mark, 01:27 PM 11/1/99 , FW: Gravina Access Scoping Com

From: "Dalton, Mark" <mdalton@hdrinc.com>
To: "'Held, Debbie'" <dheld@carsondorn.com>
Subject: FW: Gravina Access Scoping Comments

Date: Mon, 1 Nov 1999 13:27:04 -0600

X-Mailer: Internet Mail Service (5.5.2448.0)

Please print for the scoping summary report.

Thanks.

----Original Message----

From: Ryan.William@epamail.epa.gov [mailto:Ryan.William@epamail.epa.gov]

Sent: Monday, November 01, 1999 9:24 AM

To: mdalton@hdrinc.com

Subject: Gravina Access Scoping Comments

Mark-

I tried to FAX you this letter on Friday, but it didn't make it. Hopefully this will work.

-Bill

October 29, 1999

Reply To

Attn Of: ECO-088

Ref: 99-009-FHA

Al Steininger Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities Southeast Region - Design 6860 Glacier Highway Juneau, Alaska 99801-7999

Jim Bryson Federal Highway Administration P.O. Box 21648 Juneau, Alaska 99802-1648

Dear Mr. Steininger and Mr. Bryson:

I am writing in response to your recent request for formal written scoping comments related to the preparation of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the proposed Gravina Island Access Project. We are commenting in accordance

with our responsibilities under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)

Section 309 of the Clean Air Act. Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments at this early stage of the project/EIS development process.

Section 309 of the Clean Air Act specifically directs the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to review and comment in writing on the environmental

impacts associated with all major federal actions. Under our Section 309 authority, our review of the draft EIS prepared for the proposed access project

will consider not only the expected environmental impacts of the project, but

also the adequacy of the EIS in meeting the public disclosure requirements

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of
NEPA. The scoping comments that follow are provided to apprise the Alaska
Department of Transportation and Public Facilities (ADOT&PF) and the Federal
Highway Administration of issues that EPA believes to be significant and
explicit treatment in the EIS. In providing these comments, which are based
on
our review of the Notice of Intent to prepare an EIS and other materials, it
our goal to have these issues addressed in the draft EIS. We have enclosed
copy of EPA?s Section 309 Review: The Clean Air Act and NEPA which provides
further elaboration on our EIS review responsibility.
     We would like to take this opportunity to highlight the topics related
to
this project that EPA believes warrant explicit treatment and discussion in
the
EIS.
Purpose and Need - We believe that the Purpose and Need statement should be
concise and easily understandable, consistent with the implementing
regulations
for the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) which states that the
purpose
and need statement, "shall briefly specify the underlying purpose and need
to
which the agency is responding..." (see 40 CFR 1502.13). It should be short
and
clear--preferably 1 to 2 sentences, and certainly not more than a paragraph.
Purpose and Need statements that are pages long serve to cloud the
statement,
leaving readers unclear as to the actual need. The real needs should be
stated.
and the purpose should be simply to meet the needs without compromising the
competing needs or sideboards (non-transportation needs). The purpose and
should not prescribe the solution or excessively narrow options; rather it
should enable the generation of a full range of alternatives to meet the
stated
     Additionally, we recommend that all pertinent background information
need.
he
placed in a separate "background" section, either preceding or following the
Purpose and Need statement. This section should include, in addition to a
discussion of the transportation issues, a balanced characterization of
competing needs/sideboards that would also need to be met in the development
a solution to the current transportation ?problem.?
Relationship to Other Planning Efforts - We are pleased to see that the
proposed
access project/EIS is being developed in conjunction with land use planning
efforts within the Borough and on Gravina Island. We believe that the
integration of land use planning, transportation planning, and environmental
review processes is critical in determining long-term land use and
transportation goals that are protective of the environment. We are
particularly hopeful that the comprehensive planning and the access planning
efforts will conclude concurrently to ensure that the ultimate solutions to
those efforts truly are integrated with each other. Because the purpose of
EIS is to support the decision making related only to accessing Gravina
Island.
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describe

access

however, we believe that it is critically important that the EIS fully

the various planning efforts that are taking place concurrently with the

planning process, the relationship of those efforts to the access project,

specific decisions that will come out of each effort, and the timing of the different decisions. This type of information will provide the public with an

understanding of how the various decision making processes are intended to ?fit

together? and allow them to provide meaningful input related to the desired goal

of reaching an integrated land use/transportation decision.

Indirect and Cumulative Effects - Because the access project would be inextricably linked to any development activities on Gravina Island (and potentially Pennock and Revilla Islands), the potential environmental consequences of such development must be analyzed in the EIS, pursuant to NEPA

(see 40 CFR 1502.16). In developing the indirect and cumulative effects analyses, we recommend that ADOT&PF develop reasonably foreseeable development

scenarios, consistent with the related land use planning efforts and the access

options under consideration. These scenarios should be used as the bases for the

analyses that will provide the public and the decision maker with an understanding of the potential environmental (and other) consequences associated

with the different access options. The EIS must evaluate and disclose all activities (and related impacts) associated with the development scenarios selected, not just those that would require permits. Evaluation of development

and its associated impacts should not be restricted to Gravina Island if it would take place elsewhere. Additionally, we recommend that the Council on Environmental Quality?s guidance document Considering Cumulative Effects under

the National Environmental Policy \mbox{Act} be consulted in developing the EIS as it

provides a solid framework for evaluating cumulative effects.

EPA has recently issued internal guidance on how we are to consider the treatment of cumulative effects in our review of NEPA documents. In

when reviewing the cumulative effects analysis for the Gravina Island Access Project, we will be looking for the following five basic components in the EIS:

- 1. Identification of resources that are expected to be cumulatively impacted.
- 2. Definition of the appropriate spatial and temporal scales for evaluating

cumulative impacts. Different resources will likely require evaluation using

differing spatial and temporal scales.

- 3. Identification of all past, present, and reasonably foreseeable actions that contribute to cumulative effects on a resource of concern.
- 4. Identification of appropriate benchmark/baseline conditions for each resource of concern.
- 5. Identification of technically defensible thresholds to define the significance of impacts. In the absence of specific thresholds, the EIS should

describe whether or not a resource is significantly affected, and how that determination was made.

Wetlands - In order for the public and decision maker to determine potential significant direct, indirect and cumulative impacts to waters of the United States, including wetlands, the draft EIS should include an identification of

wetland types, acreage, and locations, and an assessment of wetland functions

and values. This information should be provided for impacts associated with the

access project itself and those associated with subsequent development. All construction activities should avoid high resource wetlands to the maximum extent practicable. All unavoidable wetland impacts should be minimized by strict implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs). The EIS should specifically identify the BMPs proposed to be implemented and include a monitoring plan designed to ensure their effectiveness.

Stormwater, Fresh Water Sources, and Wastewater/Sewage Treatment - The EIS should provide a thorough evaluation of the availability/type and quantity of

fresh water needed to support development on Gravina Island and the implications $\hfill \hfill \hf$

of its use on water quality and fish habitat. The EIS should also evaluate the

effects of development on the hydrologic systems on Gravina and their relationships to water quality and fish habitat. The EIS should also provide an

analysis of how stormwater, wastewater and sewage associated with development

would impact water quality and fish habitat.

Funding and Schedules - We believe that it is very important that the EIS provide the public and the decision maker with a clear understanding of how the

funding authorized for the access project in TEA-21 is to be used. It is our

understanding that the current funding is to cover environmental review and design, but does not cover construction of any solution. This should be made

clear in the EIS so that the public understands that the implementation of any

build solution would require the acquisition of additional funding beyond what

is presently available. A discussion of potential funding sources for implementation (construction, operation, and maintenance) of the access decision

should also be included in the EIS. Additionally, we recommend that any presentations in the EIS related to construction schedules clearly reflect that

timing of construction of any solution is contingent on the availability of funding. We find that the schedule provided in the scoping information is misleading because is suggests that construction will begin in June 2002 and be

completed in the Spring of 2005. We do not believe that these dates should be

presented in such a definitive manner, as funding for construction is presently not available.

Thank you for providing this opportunity for early involvement in this project. Should you have any questions about our comments, please feel free to contact Bill Ryan at (206) 553-8561.

Sincerely,

/s/

Richard B. Parkin, Manager Geographic Implementation Unit

cc: M. Dalton, HDR

Enclosure



Administration

Alaskan Region Air Traffic Division 222 W. 7th Avenue, #14 Anchorage, AK 99513-7587 Phone: (907)271-5464

Fax: (907)271-2850

Al Steininger, P. E. State of Alaska, DOT & PF Southeastern Region 6860 Glacier Highway Juneau, AK

ALASKA DOT & PF **SOUTHEAST REGION** OCT 1 5 1200 1 3 1999 OCT PRECONSTRUCTION/DESIGN

Dear Mr. Al Steininger:

The Federal Aviation Administration was represented at the September 27 scoping meeting for the Gravina Access Project. We expressed our primary concerns at the meeting and this letter is in response to your request for the FAA to provide formal written comments expressing those concerns. The bridge option is the only option that has the potential to significantly impact navigable airspace. Although the impacts are difficult to assess without details on the bridge location and specifications, we offer the following comments for your consideration.

Any future expansion near the present airport should consider protected surfaces under FAR Part 77, Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace, along with those trapezoid features associated with precision approach criteria for future Required Navigational Performance (RNP) procedures (FAA Order 8260-36A). This will ensure that we are able to obtain the lowest approach minima possible. We envision that Alaska Airlines, and possibly others, will want to employ the latest technology consistent with terrain features and void of any man-made objects that would otherwise prohibit the FAA from obtaining the lowest approach minima possible.

We currently have precision approaches down to 0.15 RNP with minima at 575 feet and 3/4 mile visibility on both runways. This will change in the future to lower minima with enhanced technology and pilot training, notwithstanding obstacles. We anticipate future enhancements on both ends of the runway that would allow minima down to 200 feet and 1/2 mile visibility or lower. A bridge, depending on the location, could prohibit this achievement.

The Revilla Corridor is heavily used by floatplane and other operators flying under visual flight rules. Additionally, Anchorage Air Route Traffic Control Center maintains a Letter of Agreement with Ketchikan Flight Service Station and specified air taxi and commercial operators to provide procedures for Special VFR flight and IFR operations in the Revilla Corridor. The corridor extends roughly along the Tongass Narrows from East Island to Pennock Island at and below 400 feet mean sea level. The construction of a bridge across the Narrows, depending on the location, would likely have a significant impact on the use of this corridor.

We appreciate the opportunity to comment on the Gravina Island Project. If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact James Garoutte of the Flight Standards Division at 271-5405, or Clarence Goward of the Air Traffic Division at 271-5883.

Sincerely,

Anthony M. Wylie

Manager, Operations Branch, AAL-

530

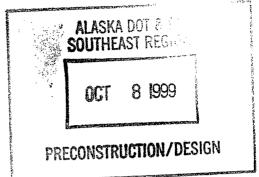


UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCI National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

National Marine Fisheries Service P.O. Box 21668

Juneau, Alaska 99802-1668

October 13, 1999



Al Steininger, P.E.

Project Manager

State of Alaska

Department of Transportation
and Public Facilities

Design and Engineering Services Division

Southeast Region - Design
6860 Glacier Highway

Juneau, Alaska 99801-7999

RE: Gravina Access Project - Agency Scoping Comments

Dear Mr. Steininger:

Thank you for soliciting scoping comments on the referenced project. The purpose of the project is to provide better access between the Ketchikan airport and the city of Ketchikan. Alternatives were discussed at the September 27 scoping meeting held in Juneau and include enhanced ferry service, an underground tunnel, and a bridge, the location of which will be considered at a number of locations. The National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) has the responsibility to comment on impacts to living marine resources under our jurisdiction including anadromous fish, marine fish and invertebrates and marine mammals. Accordingly, we would favor those project alternatives and designs that minimize direct, indirect and cumulative impacts to anadromous fish streams, wetlands, intertidal areas, submerged aquatic vegetation, marine habitats, and the relevant species using them.

Mark Dalton of HDR consulting has met separately with Steve Brockmann of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Jack Gustafson of the Alaska Department of Fish and Game, and provided us with a summary of resource issues provided at that meeting. Of the issues listed, the NMFS is also concerned with numbers 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 19, 20, and 24. Rather than re-state these issues, we are providing additional comment as follows.



Of the issues listed above, numbers 4,5 and 6 address the presence of marine mammals in Tongass Narrows and suggest that additional studies may be necessary. We concur with this recommendation, as any in-water work that generates underwater noise will need to be evaluated for its potential to disturb marine mammals that may be present (as well as migrating juvenile salmonids and spawning herring). Enclosed is a draft copy of a report for the marine mammal observation program implemented aboard some of the ferries of the Alaska Marine Highway System. Sightings collected through this program show humpback whale, killer whale and Pacific white-sided dolphin sightings in the northern area of Tongass Narrows, and/or the confluence of Tongass Narrows, Clarence Strait and Behm Canal. The humpback whale and Steller sea lion are listed as endangered and threatened species, respectively. Depending on the magnitude of impact to these species, it may be necessary to satisfy consultation requirements of the Endangered Species Act with the responsible Federal agency, the Federal Highway Administration.

The environmental impact statement (EIS) for the project will need to address the essential fish habitat (EFH) requirements of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (MSFCMA). The EIS should include an assessment of the impacts of the proposed action on EFH in a chapter or section titled "Essential Fish Habitat". The EFH assessment should include 1) a description of the proposed action; 2) an analysis of individual and cumulative effects of the action on EFH, the managed species, and associated species such as major prey species, including affected life history stages; 3) the responsible Federal agency's views regarding the effects of the action on EFH; and 4) a discussion of any proposed mitigation, if applicable.

Upon receipt of the EFH assessment, NMFS will provide back to the Federal agency or their representative, any EFH conservation recommendations, as appropriate, if we believe the project would adversely affect EFH. In order to develop these conservation recommendations, whenever possible, at least 60 days notice prior to a final decision on an action, or 90 days if the action would result in a substantial adverse impact to EFH. Upon receipt of NMFS conservation recommendations, the Federal agency is required to respond in writing to NMFS within 30 days.

EFH Assessment Information:

To assist you in developing an EFH assessment, we have identified EFH in the general vicinity of the current ferry between the airport and the city of Ketchikan. This list would need to be verified for specific project sites, but is likely to be similar, if not identical. Specific information on habitat for salmon should be obtained from the Alaska Department of Fish and Game

and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in Ketchikan. EFH for all five species of Pacific salmon (chinook, coho, chum sockeye, pink) is present in the project area.

Following are habitat characteristics for the non-salmonid species of EFH. References to habitat locations indicate the following depth associations; inner (1-50 meters) and middle (50-100 meters) and outer (100-200 meters) shelf regions and upper (200-1000m) and lower (>1000m) slopes and basin (>3000m).

Pacific Ocean Perch Adults and Late Juveniles:

Adults found in outer shelf and upper slope. Juveniles found in inner, middle, and outer shelves, and upper slope. Larval stages found in same as juveniles plus lower slope and basin. Adult substrates are gravel, pebble, and cobble, juvenile substrates are the same as adults plus boulders.

Yelloweve Rockfish Adults and Late Juveniles:

Adults and juveniles are both found in the middle and outer shelves and upper slope. Habitat for both is bays, estuaries, and island passes. Both life stages are demersal. Found in substrate areas of rock, coral and cobble. High concentrations are found associated with high relief containing refuge spaces such as overhangs, crevices and caves. Feeding areas are those containing fish, shrimp and crab.

Shortraker and Rougheye Rockfish Adults and late Juveniles:

Adults occur in outer shelf and upper slope, in depths from 25 to 875 m and are semi-demersal. Juveniles are found in the middle and outer shelves. Adults found over all substrates including mud, clay, silt, sand, gravel, pebble, cobble, boulder and bedrock. However, from submersible observations, soft substrates of sand or mud usually had the highest densities; whereas hard substrates of bedrock, cobble or pebble usually had the lowest adult densities. Habitats with steep slopes and frequent boulders were used at a higher rate than habitats with gradual slopes and few boulders. It is suspected that juveniles occupy shallower habitats than adults.

Dusky Rockfish Adults and Late Juveniles:

Adults found in outer shelf, upper slope and nearshore waters of Southeast Alaska along rocky shores at depths less than 50m. Juveniles found in inner (1-50m) and middle (50-100m) slopes. Substrates for adults and juveniles is gravel, cobble, boulder. Juvenile dusky rockfish have also been captured in nearshore eelgrass and kelp beds. Adults are semi-demersal/semi-pelagic.

Walleye Pollock Adults and Eggs:

Both adults and eggs occur in outer shelf. Walleye pollock and their eggs are pelagic, therefore they may occur in waters over any substrate.

Sablefish Adults and Late Juveniles:

Adults and late juveniles occur in the upper and lower slopes. Adult and late juvenile sablefish are pelagic and may occur in waters over any substrate.

Pacific Cod Adults and Late Juveniles:

Occur in both inner and middle shelf regions. Both life stages are demersal. Adults occur from the shoreline to 500m, juveniles from 60-150m. Preferred substrate is soft sediment, from mud and clay to sand.

Arrowtooth Flounder Adults and Late Juveniles:

Occur in both inner and middle shelf regions. Both life stages are demersal. Juveniles inhabit shallow areas until about 10 cm in length. Widespread distribution mainly on middle and out portions of shelf. Wintertime migration to shelf margin and upper continental slope to avoid cold temperatures.

Sculpin spp. Adults and Late Juveniles:

Occur in both inner and middle shelf regions. Both life stages are demersal. Broad range of habitats from intertidal pools, and all shelf substrates (mud, sand, gravel, etc.).

Skates spp. Adults and Late Juveniles:

Occur in middle shelf regions. Both life stages are demersal. Broad range of substrate types (mud, sand, gravel, and rock) and the lower portion of the water column.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment. We look forward to continued coordination for this project. If you have any further concerns or questions please contact Linda Shaw at (907) 586-7510.

Sincerely,

P. Michael Payne Assistant Regional

Administrator

for Habitat Conservation

cc: EPA Anchorage (Mark Jen)
ADEC, AADGC, ADNR, Juneau
ADF&G, USFWS, Ketchikan



Commander Seventeenth Coast Guard District

P.O. Box 25517 Juneau, Alaska 99802 Staff Symbol: (mon) Phone: (907) 463-2268 FAX: (907) 463-2273

16590 3/26/99

Michael L. Downing, P.E. Director, Statewide Design & Engineering Services Division Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities 3132 Channel Drive Juneau, Alaska 99801-7898

RECEIVED

APR 0 1 1999

Stwd. Design & Eng. Svcs Director's Office

Dear Mr. Downing:

The Coast Guard accepts your invitation to participate as a Cooperating Agency in the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Ketchikan-Gravina Island Bridge project. It is my understanding that the proposal involves the spanning of Tongass Narrows to connect the City of Ketchikan with the Ketchikan International airport located on Gravina Island.

We request that the EIS contain a separate section discussing navigational impacts of your proposal. Enclosed is a listing of questions that once answered should assist you in describing present and prospective navigation of the entire waterway as well as for the reach through each of the bridge sites. The answers to the questions should also help you determine the impacts of the bridges as well as navigational impacts during construction. As I stated in a recent telephone conversation, a public hearing is highly encouraged in the very near future to solicit additional information on navigational issues by the users themselves. It is my understanding that you are in the process of hiring a consultant to handle these types of events.

The Coast Guard issued a Public Notice dated July 21, 1993 soliciting comments on the navigational clearances needed to safely accommodate existing as well as potential users of the waterway. Several cruise ship operators responded at that time that the trend in their industry indicated larger ships and that proposed bridges should be high enough to accommodate them. In addition concerns were raised by the operators of the Alaska Marine Highway system about the increased congestion in the east channel if your plans involve closing the west channel to most commercial traffic. Recent information indicates that a cruise ship with a 208' height plans to use this waterway in the very near future. Our office plans to issue another Public Notice to confirm this as well as acquire up-to-date information on the type, size, and clearances required by the various vessels that may be impacted by your proposed bridges.

I have enclosed navigational data forwarded by our Marine Safety Detachment located in Ketchikan, that may be helpful. They are part of an organization of vessel operators who recently developed operating guidelines for vessels operating on Tongass Narrows in an effort to enhance the safety of navigation on this congested waterway.

I look forward to assisting you in gathering additional information concerning impacts to navigation associated with this important project. If you have any questions, please contact me at 463-2268.

Sincerely,

J. N. HELFINSTINE

Chief, Bridge Section, Waterways

Management & Navigation Safety Branch

U. S. Coast Guard

By direction of the Commander

Enclosure: (1) Navigational Evaluation

(2) Marine Safety Detachment Ketchikan ltr dated 03/08/99

(3) Waterway User Guide

(4) Tongass Narrows Voluntary Waterway Guide

(5) General Operating Guidelines for all Vessels Operating on Tongass Narrows

NAVIGATIONAL EVALUATION.

Give reasons to support each answer. Describe present and prospective navigation of the entire waterway and for the reach through the bridge site.

- 1. Do vessels engaged in emergency operations (i.e. law enforcement, fire, rescue, emergency dam repair, etc.), national defense activities (i.e., cruisers, fuel barges, munitions ships, etc.) or channel maintenance (i.e., dredges, dam and levee repair, etc.) operate on the waterway? If yes, describe the vessels and provide the following information.
- a. Will the proposed bridge provide the horizontal and vertical clearances for the safe, efficient passage of the largest of these vessels? Why?
- b. If no, estimate the number of vessels in each of the above categories unable to pass the proposed bridge. Give the name, length overall (LOA), beam, draft, height of highest fixed point above the waterline for vessels affected by the bridge.
- c. Can these vessels be modified (i.e., folding mast, relocation of equipment, etc.) without decreasing their respective response times? If so, name the vessels.
- d. If modifications are feasible, name the vessels, state the necessary modifications, the cost of modifying each, and who will pay for the modifications (i.e., vessel owner, applicant, other).
- 2. Describe the present and prospective recreational navigation. Will the proposed bridge affect the safe, efficient movement of any segment of the present or prospective recreational fleet operation on the waterway? If yes, provide the following information:
- a. State the number of and describe the vessels which may be affected by the proposed bridge. Provide the LOA, beam, draft, and height of the highest fixed point above the waterline of each affected vessel. Estimate this percentage of the recreational fleet which may be affected by the proposed bridge.
- b. Will the proposed bridge eliminate the access of these vessels to existing or planned commercial, water-oriented facilities (i.e., restaurants, shops, recreational areas, marinas, etc.) in the vicinity of the proposed bridge. Describe these facilities.
- c. If yes, discuss the economic impacts the restriction will have on existing or planned commercial, water-oriented facilities.
- d. It is feasible to modify the affected segments of the fleet to clear the proposed bridge without substantially increasing operating costs? If yes, name the vessels, state

the necessary modifications, cost of modifying each vessel and person or entity responsible for financing the modifications.

Note: Check with local Corps of Engineers district office, chamber of commerce or other organizations of proposed marinas, recreational areas, shops, etc.

- 3. Describe the present and prospective commercial navigation and the cargoes moved on the waterway. Will the proposed bridge affect the safe, efficient movement of any segment of the present or prospective commercial fleet operating on the waterway? If yes, provide the following information:
- a. State the number of and describe the vessels which may be affected by the proposed bridge. Provide the LOA, beam, draft, and height of the highest fixed point above the waterline for each of these vessels. Estimate this percentage of the commercial fleet which may be affected by the proposed bridge.
- b. Discuss the economic impacts the restriction will have on local commercial shipping.
- c. Describe any existing or planned commercial or industrial developments (i.e., manufacturing, refining, etc., facilities) and other businesses affected by this restriction, and discuss the economic impacts the restriction will have on each business.
- d. Is it feasible to modify the restricted vessels to clear the proposed bridge without substantially increasing operating costs? If yes, name the vessels, state the necessary modifications, cost of modifying each vessel and company or entity responsible for financing the modifications.
- 4. Will the proposed bridge block access of any vessel presently using local service facilities (i.e., repair shops, parts distributors, fuel stations)? If yes, provide the following information:
- a. Describe the facilities and estimate the number of vessels currently using these facilities.
- b. Provide the following specifications of vessels which will be forced to seek alternate facilities: name, LOA, beam drift, height of the highest fixed point above the waterline.
 - c. What economic impact will loss of access have on these facilities?
- d. What is the distance to alternate service facilities capable of servicing thee affected vessels? Describe the facilities.

- e. Will use of these alternate facilities substantially increase vessel operations costs or down time?
- f. Is it feasible to modify the affected vessels to clear the proposed bridge?
- g. If yes, state the name, necessary modifications, cost of modifying each vessel and who will pay for the modifications.
- 5. Are alternate routes by passing the proposed bridge available for use by vessels unable to pass the proposed bridge? If yes, provide the following information:
 - a. State the number of vessels which will be forced to use alternate routes.
- b. Describe those vessels by listing the name, LOA, beam, draft, height of the highest fixed point above the waterline for each.
- c. Identify any alternate routes and provide the respective distances between the proposed bridge and these routes.
- d. Will use of these routes substantially increase the transit time and/or operating costs of the affected vessels?
- e. If yes, describe the impacts of increased transit time and/or operating costs.
- f. Is it feasible to modify these vessels to clear the proposed bridge?
- g. If yes, state the name, necessary modifications, cost of modifying each vessel and who will pay for these modifications.
- 6. Will the bridge prohibit the entry of any vessels to the local harbor of refuge? If yes, describe the harbor and provide the following information:
- a. What percentage of vessels currently using he harbor refuge will not be able to pass the proposed bridge to gain access to that refuge? Describe the vessels.
- b. State the number of vessels, name, LOA, beam, draft, and height of the highest fixed point above the waterline for those vessels whose access to the refuge is prohibited by the proposed bridge.
 - c. Is it feasible to modify these vessels to clear he proposed bridge?
- d. If yes, state the name, necessary modifications, cost of modifying each vessel and who will pay for the modifications.

- e. If alternate refuges are available, describe them and state the distance of each from the present harbor of refuge.
- NOTE: A harbor of refuge is defined as a naturally or artificially protected water area that provides a place of relative safety or refuge for commercial and recreational vessels travelling along he coast or operating in a region.
- 7. Will the proposed bridge be located within on-half mile of a bend in a waterway? If yes, describe the bend and provide the following information:
- a. Is there sufficient distance between the bridge and the bend to allow proper vessel alignment of the safe, efficient passage of vessels through the proposed bridge?
- b. If no, what factors make construction of the bridge at an alternate location impractical?
- 8. Are there other factors (i.e., dockage's, lightering area, existing bridges, etc.) located within on half mile of the proposed bridge which would create hazardous passage through the proposed structure? If yes, provide the following information:
 - a. Describe the factors:
 - b. What mitigative measures do you recommend? Why?
- 9. Do local hydrologic conditions (i.e., wave chop, cross currents, tides, shoals, etc.) increase the hazard of passage through the proposed bridge? If yes, provide the following information:
 - a. Describe conditions:
 - b. What mitigative measures do you recommend? Why?
- 10. Do local atmospheric conditions (i.e., strong, prevailing winds, fog, rapidly developing storms, etc.) increase the hazard of passage through the proposed bridge? If yes, provide the following information:
 - a. Describe the conditions:
 - b. What mitigative measures do you recommend? Why?
- 11. Have guide clearances been established for the waterway? If yes, provide the following information:
 - a. Horizontal guidance clearances:

- b. Vertical guide clearance:
- c. Do the proposed bridge clearances differ from these guide clearances?
- d. If yes which of the above factors (1 thru 11) justify deviating from the guide clearances?
- 12. State any other factors considered necessary for the safe, efficient passage of vessels through the proposed bridge? Why?



Supervisor United States Coast Guard Marine Safety Detachment 2030 Sealevel Drive, Suite 203 Ketchikan, AK 99901 Staff Symbol: Sup Phone: (907) 225-4496 FAX: (907) 225-4499

11220 03/08/99

From: Supervisor, Marine Safety Detachment Ketchikan

To: Commander (mon)

Seventeenth Coast Guard District

P.O. Box 25517

Juneau, AK 99802-5517

ATTN: Mr. James Helfinstine

Subj: TONGASS NARROWS BRIDGE

As per our phone conversation, I am writing you to express some of the concerns and ideas I have with regards to the proposed bridge over Tongass Narrows. According to the local paper, the leading plan for a bridge over Tongass Narrows, has a bridge going from Wolf Point on Revillagagedo Island to the Airport on Gravina Island. This is a poor location for the bridge from a safety standpoint. In order for the bridge to be effective, it would have to have a clearance of at least 200 feet high at mean high tide, and a width of around 500 feet. With the above mentioned location, this bridge would be in direct conflict with the floatplane operations at the airport, and even more importantly, it could potentially cause problems with a jet approaching the airport from the south going missed approach as the only bail area is over the water. Additionally, the current cruise ships that make port calls to Ketchikan will be increasing in size from 74,000GT to in the area of 124,000GT.

Putting a bridge at this location would also potentially restrict this already narrows portion of the narrows. Ketchikan is currently growing to the North and unfortunately, the narrows is more constricted in this area. From strictly a waterway safety standpoint, as the COTP's representative in Ketchikan, I would have recommend the COTP oppose any project that would further constrict this area of the narrows.

As an outsider looking in, a more appropriate location for the bridge would seem to be a bridge that extends from the vicinity of Saxman over to Pennock Island then north along Pennock Island to the 200'ft peak opposite Clam Cove on Gravina, and then crossing the west channel where the channel necks down at Clam Cove.

The Borough is already looking at options for new boat harbors and a bridge in this area would create two protected areas for such a harbor. Both bridges would still have to be over 200 feet high to provide for the transits of cruise ships and barges. However this location would allow for the development of Pennock Island and Saxman, would be well outside of the operational areas for both floatplanes and jets approaching the airport. This location is outside of the most heavily used portions of Tongass Narrows and would not create a more restricted waterway.

Regardless of what location is chosen, very careful thought will have to be given to future growth of Tongass Narrows and the vessels that use this body of water.

I can get into more detail on the levels of congestion and so forth but I think you get the picture. When you are in town, please make contact with me so we may discuss this issue more.

PATRICK W. CLARK

Copy: MSO JUNEAU



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Southeast Alaska Ecological Services 3000 Vintage Blvd., Suite 201 Juneau, Alaska 99801-7100 ALASKA DOT & PF SOUTHEAST REGION

OCT 25 1999

PRECONSTRUCTION/DESIGN

Mr. Al Steininger Department of Transportation and Public Facilities 6860 Glacier Highway Juneau, AK 99801-7999

Re: Gravina Access Project

Dear Mr. Steininger:

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service participated in an informal scoping meeting on the subject project with Mark Dalton of HDR Alaska, Inc., and Jack Gustafson of the Alaska Department of Fish and Game on September 15, 1999 in Ketchikan. Meeting notes summarizing the issues raised were prepared by Mr. Dalton. The meeting notes are a good indication of the range of issues the Service believes should be addressed. A copy is attached for your reference.

Of greatest concern are the cumulative and secondary impacts associated with providing roaded access to Gravina Island. Development should be directed away from the most productive and sensitive habitats, such as the major estuaries and inland habitats at the heads of Bostwick Inlet and Vallenar Bay. Smaller estuaries, such as at Lewis Reef and the head of Blank Inlet, are closer to any potential road crossings between Revilla and Gravina Islands. These areas also support diverse and very high quality fish and wildlife habitats, and should be protected from the secondary and indirect effects of providing access to Gravina Island.

Roads should stay well back from the shoreline, and inland of any obvious beach fringe forest wherever possible. These habitats are particularly important to a broad diversity of fish and wildlife, and are easily and irretrievably damaged by road construction.

The Service is available to assist you with siting facilities, such as a bridge or tunnel, that must be constructed in the near-shore marine environment. We currently maintain a dive program primarily for this purpose. As alternative locations are identified, it is possible that, with adequate funding, the Service could provide underwater evaluations, with an objective of steering development away from the most productive habitats. Please contact the Juneau Fish and Wildlife Office if you are interested in arranging for diving-related assistance.

If fish-bearing streams will be crossed by project-related roads, we recommend that fish passage

be impaired as little as possible. In general, bridges are preferred over culverts. Where culverts are necessary, they must be carefully designed and installed. Several examples of well-designed and well-installed culverts are located along the nearby Revilla Road\Ward Lake Road project recently completed by the Federal Highway Administration. Desirable features of these culverts include adequate bedding, stable aprons at both ends, holding pools at the lower ends of the pipes, baffling on pipes with more than minimal gradient, and careful placement of large and small rocks in a thalweg pattern within the pipes. Similar culverts should be used on fish streams affected by the proposed project.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide early input. If you have any questions, please contact Steve Brockmann at (907) 225-9691.

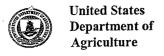
Sincerely,

Teresa A. N. Woods Field Supervisor

Attachment: Meeting notes of 9/15/99

cc:

ADFG, Ketchikan NMFS, Juneau FWS, Ketchikan



Forest Service Alaska Region Tongass National Forest

TT/TDD (907) 225-0414

Ketchikan Ranger District Misty Fiords National Monument 3031 Tongass Avenue Ketchikan, Alaska 99901 (907) 225-2148

File Code:

Date: October 12, 1999

Al Steininger Project Manager- Gravina Access Project State of Alaska - Department of Transportation and Public Utilities 6800 Glacier Highway Juneau, AK 99801

Dear Mr. Steininger:

Thank you for including the Forest Service in your agency scoping meetings and public meetings for the Gravina Access Project. We appreciate the opportunity to work with you and adjacent landowners on Gravina Island.

We also feel that it is very important for the Forest Service to continue to be involved in the project development team for the Gravina Access Project so that our plans on federal land will be compatible with those of other landowners on the island.

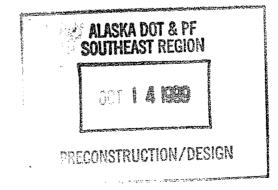
In general our concerns with the Gravina Access Project center on the issue of access to federal lands if a hard link is established between Ketchikan and Gravina. Some of the questions we will ask are: "How would increased public access to Gravina affect the Forest Service road system?"; "How and where would the Forest Service road system tie into the hard link?"; "Should the Forest Service consider developing recreational sites and trails based on increased access to the island?"

Please continue to keep Susan Marthaller, Gravina Team Leader, informed throughout your planning process. Susan can be reached at (907) 228-4124.

Sincerely,

Jeremiah C. Ingersoll

District Ranger







STATE OF ALASKA

DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME

HABITAT AND RESTORATION DIVISION SOUTHEAST REGIONAL OFFICE

TONY KNOWLES, GOVERNOR

ISLAND CENTER BUILDING P.O. BOX 240020 DOUGLAS, AK 99824-0020 PHONE: (907) 465-4290 FAX: (907) 465-4272

October 27, 1999

Mr. Al Steininger, P.E. Alaska Department of Transportation 6860 Glacier Highway Juneau, AK 99801-7999

Re: Gravina Access Project Scoping Comments

Dear Mr. Steininger:

The Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) submits the following comments for your use regarding the proposed Gravina Island Access Project. No specific design has been selected for evaluation. Issues and concerns we believe should be addressed in the Draft EIS are as follows:

In general, the Draft EIS should identify and analyze the potential effects of this project on fish and wildlife species, their habitats and the public uses of fish and wildlife. The area of concern should include not only on-site impacts, but also those that could be considered secondary and cumulative as a result of the project.

Development activities and their potential impacts to sensitive habitats need to be identified and described. These include, but are not limited to the following:

- 1. The placement of fill or structures in tidelands, Tongass Narrows, and wetlands.
- 2. Underwater excavations and dredging.
- 3. The extent and consequences of construction designs and activities on underwater habitats.
- 4. The potential constriction of flows within Tongass Narrows. For example, if designs result in an increase in tidal current velocities within Tongass Narrows, how might this affect adult and juvenile salmonid migrations, other fish, marine mammals, waterfowl and birds, and/or other species utilizing the Narrows?
- 5. Disturbance of bald eagle nest sites. (Identification and protection need to be addressed).
- 6. Road crossings and other activities within and adjacent to anadromous and resident fish habitat.
- 7. Land disturbance activities on Gravina Island, including secondary and cumulative effects. For example, how will vehicular access from Ketchikan following the construction of the intra/inter-island road network and other infrastructure affect Sitka black-tailed deer and wolf populations?

Field surveys should be conducted where resource information is inadequate. For example, it appears that more detailed mapping of wetlands, uplands, intertidal, and sub-tidal habitats is necessary within the project area.

When you met with Jack Gustafson in Ketchikan, you also asked if any species that you might be unaware of may be affected by the project. Field surveys would be needed to look for and identify such potentially sensitive species of plants, animals, or habitats since descriptions or references in published literature are likely to be rather limited. For example, this project review should attempt to identify and clarify the potential occurrence of the Alaska worm salamander (Batrachoseps caudatus) in the project area. This species has been mapped as occurring on the northern shore of Annette Island (Norman and Hassler, 1995), but its presence could only be verified through more intensive search efforts (Hodge, 1976).

The occurrence of another amphibian, a variant form of <u>Taricha granulosa</u> (or <u>Triturus granulosus granulosus</u>) should also be examined. Three other populations of this variant are reported in the literature, but are found in the Siskiyou mountain range of northern California and Oregon (Myers, 1942). Boucher first collected a breeding series of this variant on Gravina Island, opposite Ketchikan. These specimens were apparently originally stored in the Natural History Museum at Stanford University and labeled as Nos. 4488-4508. Garber and Garber (1978) recommended attempting to determine if these variants should be granted formal taxonomic recognition or if they warrant a subspecific or specific status, or if the description of <u>Taricha granulosa</u> should be revised to include them. While such taxonomic investigations are beyond the scope of this project, wetlands inhabited by these species should be avoided if possible.

This project is intended to improve transportation between Revilla and Gravina Islands, connect and unify transportation systems under various land ownerships on Gravina Island, and provide an incentive and means for expanding economic development on Gravina. Consequently, an important aspect of the Draft EIS is that it describes and analyzes the potential secondary and cumulative impacts. In particular, all transportation designs and road networks connecting to a bridge or tunnel need to be addressed in a comprehensive analysis that will evaluate the likely outcome of these proposals on fish and wildlife populations inhabiting Gravina Island. Concurrently with this access project to Gravina Island, the Forest Service is planning a large timber sale and island-wide interconnected road network on Gravina. Linking the Forest Service's roading network to new vehicular access provided by the Alaska Department of Transportation & Public Facilities (ADOT/PF) project will result in increased effects and cumulative impacts that would not be apparent when the projects are reviewed in isolation of each other. Additional roads are also proposed to be constructed on other land ownerships. Some of these would access proposed State timber sales and subdivisions, and borough or Mental Health Trust lands on Tongass Narrows. The Gravina Access Project Draft EIS needs to provide a clear description and analysis of the future cumulative environmental effects resulting from linking Ketchikan to an interconnected road system accessing most of Gravina Island. The construction of multiple-use travel routes should also be depicted so that the Forest Service and others can plan to obtain U.S. Army Corps of Engineers permits for road construction if their use precludes them from qualifying for the silvicultural exemption.

Along with the identification of anticipated impacts, the Draft EIS should seek practical methods of avoiding impacts that are unnecessary. For impacts that are unavoidable, alternative means of providing for mitigation should be described and evaluated. A monitoring program should be developed and implemented to assure that the project is constructed properly, and that it provides the measures necessary for the protection of water quality and fish and wildlife resources and habitats.

We hope these comments are useful in your development of the NEPA documentation necessary for the completion of this project. We look forward to continuing our coordination regarding the project, and thank you for the opportunity to comment at this time.

Sincerely,

Bill Hanson Regional Management Coordinator

Attachment

cc: Jennifer Garland, DGC, Juneau Lana Shea Flanders, ADF&G H&R, Douglas Reuben Yost, ADOT&PF, Juneau John Hill, KGB, Ketchikan Bill Ryan, EPA, Seattle James Bryson, FHWA, Juneau Steve Duncan, COE, Anchorage Linda Shaw, NMFS, Juneau Theresa Woods, USFWS, Juneau Jerry Ingersoll, USFS-KRD, Ketchikan Ron Schonenbach, ADNR, Juneau Jack Gustafson, ADF&G, Ketchikan Scott Kelly, ADF&G CFMD, Douglas Rocky Holmes, ADF&G SF, Douglas Mike Turek, ADF&G Sub, Douglas Bruce Dinneford, ADF&G WC, Douglas

LITERATURE CITED

- Garber, D.P. and C. E. Garber. 1978. A variant form of <u>Taricha granulosa</u> (amphibia, urodela, salamandridae) from northwestern California. Journal of Herpetology 12(1):59-64.
- Hodge, R.P. 1976. Amphibians and reptiles in Alaska, the Yukon, and Northwest Territories. Alaska Northwest Publishing Company. Pg. 56-59.
- Myers, G.S. 1942. Notes on Pacific coast <u>Triturus</u>. Copeia 1942(2):77-82.
- Norman, B.R. and T.J. Hassler. 1995. Field investigations of the herpetological taxa in Southeast Alaska. National Biological Service, Humboldt St. Univ., Arcata, Cal. Final Report 29-95.

Memorandum

TO:

Al Steininger, DOT/PF

DATE:

October 28, 1999

TELEPHONE:

269-8661

FROM:

Lisa Holzapfel

Senior Resource Manager

SUBJECT:

Gravina Access Project



The Alaska Mental Health Trust Land Office is in support of the Gravina Island Access Project. Any infrastructure development that improves access to Alaska Mental Health Trust land will be a benefit to the Trust. Improved access to Gravina Island will help to increase the value of Trust land on Gravina Island. Improved access will help to encourage development opportunities on our land, thereby resulting in increasing revenue to the Trust and the mental health beneficiaries. As you know, Alaska Mental Health Trust lands are lands granted to the State of Alaska by the federal government that are designated for the specific purpose of providing revenue to support mental health beneficiaries statewide.

More specifically, the Trust does not have a preferred bridge location alternative. Any access that improves access to Trust land is a benefit to the Trust. Key to the enhancement of Trust land is access beyond the Ketchikan airport onto Ketchikan Gateway borough lands and Trust land.

Thank you for the opportunity to participate in the planning process. Please call if you have any other questions.

Attachment(s):

cc: Steve Planchon; file

Office of the Borough Manager • 344 Front Street • Ketchikan, Alaska 99901

Georgianna Zimmerle Borough Manager (907) 228-6625 Fax: (907) 247-6625 www.ktnboro.com

ALASKA DOT & PF SOUTHEAST REGION

October 20, 1999

PRECONSTRUCTION/DESIGN

Al Steininger, P.E.
Project Manager
State of Alaska Department of
Transportation and Public Facilities
6860 Glacier Highway
Juneau, Alaska 99801-7999

GRAVINA ACCESS PROJECT - AGENCY SCOPING COMMENTS

This correspondence follows up your September 28, 1999 request for formal comments regarding the Gravina Access Project. The purpose of the project scoping phase is to identify the range of issues that need to be addressed during the project's review under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA).

The Borough appreciates your agency's on-going efforts to move review of this important community project forward and commends your ability to coordinate the interests and work of many different agencies. As explained in the draft statement of project purpose and need, the Borough lacks adequate land on Revillagigedo Island for commercial and industrial growth. Better access to Gravina Island will not only provide needed land for expansion and better separation of land uses, it will also provide for the community's long- term needs including economic development, transportation and shipping, recreation, and natural resource development.

To date, there have been a number of preliminary issues identified by various agencies including project effects upon air navigation, marine navigation, wetlands, fish and wildlife habitat, water body modifications, water quality, dredge and fill activities, air quality, location of new development, historic/archaeological resources, land ownerships, acquisition of right-of-way, traffic impacts, and travel distance to the airport. The Borough understands the list at this point is preliminary and that it will evolve as the project continues.

From the early stages of this project, it has been our expectation that the Gravina Access Project would be closely coordinated with comprehensive planning in the

Borough. In many instances, the preliminary impacts of the Gravina Access Project are not just project specific but are Borough-wide and therefore require broad analysis of the project's impacts to land use, traffic, wetlands, recreation, coastal resources and a host of other comprehensive planning issues. Sorting these issues out in a comprehensive fashion is important for both the defense of this important access project but also to give the Borough a chance to sort out how best to direct the growth and address the consequences community-wide development that may result from improved access to Gravina.

At this point, the Borough has identified several information needs that we think are critical to provide better coordination of the Gravina Access Project with the need for comprehensive land use planning in the community. These are described below.

An updated land use inventory for Gravina and Revillagigedo Islands will be needed. The inventory should better address:

- the purpose and need for improved access;
- ♦ assumptions regarding the need for more commercial and industrial land and the amount necessary to provide for adequate market choices;
- the need for better separation of incompatible land uses on the Revilla side as well as the potential for establishment of incompatible land uses on the Gravina side;
- where, as a result of improved access, would new industrial, commercial, and residential land uses be likely to occur.

The inventory would include present land uses for residential, industrial, institutional, transportation, and undeveloped, open lands.

Concurrent with a land use inventory, the Borough's base maps will need to be revised and updated to support both the Gravina Access Project but also the need for Borough-wide comprehensive planning that it compels. Ideally, the base maps would include:

- political boundaries;
- rivers, lakes, and shorelines;
- the roaded system;
- property lines
- ♦ topography
- ♦ major utilities
- location of structures
- ♦ land uses (based on inventory described above)
- ♦ land ownership

natural resources including forests, minerals, soils, wetlands, water bodies, fish and wildlife, rock islands and sea cliffs, barrier islands and lagoons, exposed high energy coasts, and upland habitats.

A system for the digital retrieval, maintenance, and analysis of the mapped information will need to be installed in the Borough consistent with state data protocols and standards. This could include a geographic information system and/or computer aided drafting system and would include, as necessary, purchase of hardware, software, and Borough staff training.

Finally, to help support the NEPA analysis and the Borough's efforts to coordinate it with area-wide planning, a contemporary set of scalable, digital aerial photography will need to be prepared. It would be preferable for the photography to be compatible with the digital mapping system described above.

On a related topic, I would like to thank you for sponsoring the successful planning fair held on October 6th at the Civic Center. The meeting was one of the best attended and informative public meetings held here in some time. I expect that if the level of coordination and cooperation demonstrated there continues, we will be equally as successful in our endeavors to bring needed infrastructure and economic development to the Ketchikan Gateway Borough.

Thank you again for the opportunity to provide our comments regarding the scoping of the preliminary issues for the Gravina Access Project.

Geørgianna Zimmerle Borough Manager

c: Mayor and Assemblymembers
Susan Dickinson, Planning Director
file



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 10

1200 Sixth Avenue Seattle, WA 98101

MAY 26 1999

Reply To
Attn Of: ECO-088

Ref:99-009-AFS

Michael L. Downing, Director Statewide Design and Engineering Services Division Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities 3132 Channel Drive Juneau, Alaska 99801-7898

Dear Mr. Downing:

I am writing in response to your January 25, 1999 letter requesting that the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) join the Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities (ADOT&PF) as a cooperating agency in developing the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the proposed Gravina Island Access project.

It is my understanding that over the past several months my staff has been in communication with AI Steininger of your staff to better understand the nature of your request and the specific role and/or tasks that ADOT&PF is interested in having EPA provide as a cooperating agency. In those discussions, we have learned that it is your desire to have us participate in scoping meetings for the EIS and to review and comment on preliminary work products or drafts of the EIS. We believe that we can provide much of the early participation in project and EIS development you desire, within existing agency resource and workload constraints/commitments, without being formally designated as a cooperating agency. Consequently, we respectfully decline your invitation to be a cooperating agency for the preparation of the EIS for the Gravina Island Access project.

While we will not participate in the project as a formal cooperating agency, I am making my staff available (to the extent that agency resources allow) to work with ADOT&PF as the project and EIS are being developed, consistent with our early participation responsibilities under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). In this capacity, it is our intent to provide ADOT&PF with meaningful input as the project and the EIS are being developed. Bill Ryan in our NEPA Review Team will serve as our point of contact for this project and he will coordinate EPA's participation with ADOT&PF. Bill can be reached in Seattle at (206) 633-2274.

Thank you for providing us with the opportunity to participate in early project and EIS development activities. We look forward to working with you as the project moves forward.

Sincerely,

Elbert Moore, Director

Office of Ecosystems and Communities

cc: Jim Bryson, FHWA



Commander
Seventeenth Coast Guard District

P.O. Box 25517 Juneau, Alaska 99802 Staff Symbol: (mon) Phone: (907) 463-2268 FAX: (907) 463-2273

16590 3/26/99

Michael L. Downing, P.E. Director, Statewide Design & Engineering Services Division
Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities
3132 Channel Drive
Juneau, Alaska 99801-7898

RECEIVED

APR 0 1 1999

Stwd. Design & Eng. Svcs Director's Office

Dear Mr. Downing:

The Coast Guard accepts your invitation to participate as a Cooperating Agency in the preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Ketchikan-Gravina Island Bridge project. It is my understanding that the proposal involves the spanning of Tongass Narrows to connect the City of Ketchikan with the Ketchikan International airport located on Gravina Island.

We request that the EIS contain a separate section discussing navigational impacts of your proposal. Enclosed is a listing of questions that once answered should assist you in describing present and prospective navigation of the entire waterway as well as for the reach through each of the bridge sites. The answers to the questions should also help you determine the impacts of the bridges as well as navigational impacts during construction. As I stated in a recent telephone conversation, a public hearing is highly encouraged in the very near future to solicit additional information on navigational issues by the users themselves. It is my understanding that you are in the process of hiring a consultant to handle these types of events.

The Coast Guard issued a Public Notice dated July 21, 1993 soliciting comments on the navigational clearances needed to safely accommodate existing as well as potential users of the waterway. Several cruise ship operators responded at that time that the trend in their industry indicated larger ships and that proposed bridges should be high enough to accommodate them. In addition concerns were raised by the operators of the Alaska Marine Highway system about the increased congestion in the east channel if your plans involve closing the west channel to most commercial traffic. Recent information indicates that a cruise ship with a 208' height plans to use this waterway in the very near future. Our office plans to issue another Public Notice to confirm this as well as acquire up-to-date information on the type, size, and clearances required by the various vessels that may be impacted by your proposed bridges.

I have enclosed navigational data forwarded by our Marine Safety Detachment located in Ketchikan, that may be helpful. They are part of an organization of vessel operators who recently developed operating guidelines for vessels operating on Tongass Narrows in an effort to enhance the safety of navigation on this congested waterway.

I look forward to assisting you in gathering additional information concerning impacts to navigation associated with this important project. If you have any questions, please contact me at 463-2268.

Sincerely,

J. N. HELFINSTINE

Chief, Bridge Section, Waterways

Management & Navigation Safety Branch

U. S. Coast Guard

By direction of the Commander

Enclosure: (1) Navigational Evaluation

- (2) Marine Safety Detachment Ketchikan ltr dated 03/08/99
- (3) Waterway User Guide
- (4) Tongass Narrows Voluntary Waterway Guide
- (5) General Operating Guidelines for all Vessels Operating on Tongass Narrows



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, ALASKA P.O. BOX 598
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99506-0898

RECEIVED.

Regulatory Branch East Section

FEBRUARY 1 9 1999

FEB 7 7 (SEQ Stwd. Design & Eng. Ev. Director's Office

Michael L. Downing, P.E.
Director
Statewide Design & Engineering
Scrvices Division
Alaska Department of Transportation
and Public Facilities
3132 Channel Drive
Juneau, Alaska 99801-7898

Dear Mr. Downing:

This is in regard to your letter, dated January 25, 1999, pertaining to the proposed Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) to be prepared for the Ketchikan-Gravina Island Bridge project. Your letter included an invitation to the Regulatory Branch, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Alaska District, to participate in the EIS preparation as a Cooperating Agency.

Please note that pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 1155g(6)(A), the construction of a bridge structure over navigable waters is under the authority of the U.S. Coast Guard. Also, a Department of the Army nationwide permit (NWP) has been issued pursuant to December 13, 1396, Federal Register, Final Notice of Issuance, Reissuance, and Modification of Nationwide Permits (61 FR 65874), which authorizes:

(15.) U.S. Coast Guard Approved Bridges. Discharges of dredged or fill material incidental to the construction of bridges across navigable waters of the United States, including cofferdams, abutments, foundation seals, piers, and temporary construction and access fills provided such discharges have been authorized by the U.S. Coast Guard as part of the bridge permit. Causeways and approach fills are not included in this NWP and will require an individual or regional Section 404 permit. (Section 404)

We anticipate that most bridge-related fills will be covered by one or more of the NWPs.

However, should it be determined that either a fill approach(s) and/or causeway(s) would be constructed in navigable waters of the U.S., in conjunction with the bridge project, the DA, in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act regulations and our implementing regulations (33 CFR Part 325, Appendix B), would then consent to be a Cooperating Agency.

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-2-

Please do not hesitate to contact either mysclf or Mr. John C. Leeds, III, of my Regulatory staff at (907) 753-2720 or toll free in Alaska at (800) 478-2712, should you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Jarry Z. Reeder

Chief, Regulatory Branch